

See the Historical  
Nebraska, Neb-  
Lincoln, Neb-1

ESTABLISHED 1884

WAYNE, WAYNE COUNTY, NEBRASKA, THURSDAY, JULY 31, 1924.

\$1.50 PER YEAR

## MRS. W. Y. MILES DIED AT HER SIDNEY HOME

Many are the Wayne friends who will read with sorrow of the death of Mrs. W. Y. Miles, which occurred at their home at Sidney in this state Tuesday, July 22, 1924, at the age of 62 years, 4 months and 20 days, of cancer, which had been sapping her vitality for two years. Coming to Wayne county in 1900 they made their home here for eighteen years, moving to Sidney six years ago. During the years they spent in this community many learned to love and respect this hard-working, energetic woman, who performed her many household duties under the handicap of the loss of an arm. Not only did she keep her house in order, but she was the equal of any in plain and fancy sewing and many kinds of fancy work, and still had time to perform many neighborly acts for any who appeared less fortunate than herself. A devout Christian woman—who put in daily practice the teachings of religion, which seemed to have its foundation on the Golden Rule.

Less than a year ago she visited Wayne, coming to the home of her daughter, Mrs. Geo. Thompson (after being able to leave an Omaha hospital where she had undergone an operation for the removal of the tumor which was threatening her life. A few weeks later she returned to Omaha for a second operation, and then to her home to wait developments. In spite of every effort the dread disease could not be stayed, and she has gone to her reward.

Ellen A. House was born at Millin, Pennsylvania, March 2, 1862. She came to Nebraska, to Hooper in 1877, and there was united in marriage May 30, 1882, with W. Y. Miles, who with three of the four children born to this union survive her. One brother also survives her. The surviving are Mrs. Geo. Thompson, Wayne; Ed Miles Sidney, and Roy of Dalton.

The funeral service and burial were at Hooper Friday, where a large number of former neighbors and friends attended.

## HOME FROM HAPPY OUTING

B. B. Pollard and family are home from a camping trip in the Black-hills country, where they spent a fortnight camping, fishing and sight seeing. The boys had the time of their young lives. They became expert enough with hook and line to catch the limit of trout one day of the outing. They found the best fishing up near Spearfish, which is on one of the branches which flow out of the hills to the North Fork of the Cheyenne river which empties into the Missouri at Little Bend a hundred or more miles to the east. They visited all of the town of importance in the cluster of towns that developed in the hills following the discovery of gold there. It is a very interesting land for tourists.

## WAYNE BEAUTIFUL

Judging lawns for the month of July will be done the first week in August (next week). The Woman's club is well pleased with the results, so far, of the Better Lawns Contest and wish to thank the public for taking such interest in this improvement scheme. So many things enter into the scoring that it is hard sometimes for the casual observer to agree with the decision of the Judges, and sometimes the contest is close. Owners will do well to remember that cleanliness and order and the condition of adjacent street and alley take off quite a percent if not good, although otherwise the lawn may score high. Copy of any person's score card will be given upon request.

## PERRY NEAR CHICAGO TOP

According to the sales report sent out by J. A. Frazier & Sons, live stock commission men of Chicago, Ted Perry with 48 head of cattle averaging 1480, sold last week at \$11.25. The top was \$11.30, and that was on a lot of heavy Nebraska cattle. The buyer is about the most dependable judge of cattle that comes along for he backs his judgment with his money; so when but one bunch out of 41,000 cattle on the market that day, Perry & McPherson, who fed and shipped the lot, put themselves on the back.

## BIBLE CIRCLE MEETS

The Ladies Bible Study Circle met at the home of Mrs. Dora Benishoff Tuesday afternoon. The lesson was led by Miss Rose Assenheimer, at whose home the Circle will meet next Tuesday.

## GOLF CHATTER

About fifteen local golfers were the guests of the Laurel Country club Sunday and were royally entertained at golf in the afternoon and a "feed" in the evening. During the afternoon Wayne golfers twice set new course records. Dr. A. D. Lewis was the first here when he shot a 38, the previous record having been 40. A few minutes later Frank Morgan set another new record with 37. Wayne plans to hold a special day for Laurel's entertainment later in the summer.

Between twelve and fifteen Wayne men will go to Norfolk Sunday to get in tune for the Northeast Nebraska Championship play which opens there Monday morning.

The local invitation tournament will be held August 25 to 28. The following committees will be in charge:

General Tournament Committee:—Frank Morgan, chairman; J. E. Hufford, H. B. Jones, J. J. Ahern.

Tents and Showers:—C. M. Craven, Chairman; H. B. Jones, C. H. Fisher, W. E. Von Seggern, A. D. Lewis.

Banquet and Lunches:—A. T. Cavanaugh, chairman; J. E. Hufford, J. H. Kemp.

Local Entries:—H. B. Jones, chairman; J. E. Hufford, Charles Beebe.

Caddies:—J. J. Ahern, chairman; W. C. Hunter, A. D. Lewis.

General Entries:—C. M. Craven, chairman; C. H. Fisher, A. T. Cavanaugh.

Literature has been mailed to 55 country clubs throughout Iowa, South Dakota, and Nebraska and at least one hundred entries are expected.

## REV. JOHN ARON CHAPLAIN, DEAD

Rev. John Aron, prominent Lutheran minister, and chaplain of the Lutheran hospital, died early Monday after a long illness, of a complication of diseases. He was 73 years old.

Rev. Mr. Aron was born in Alsace-Lorraine, France, November 6, 1850, and came to America when a young man. He completed his education here and was ordained 43 years ago. He took up his first congregation at Indian Hill, Indiana, where he remained for several years.

His last pulpit was at Hoskins, Nebraska, where he remained for 10 years, retiring in 1918 when he moved to Sioux City to become chaplain of the Lutheran hospital here.

He is survived by his widow, Mary, three sons, Henry, of Litterdale, Iowa; Albert of Oberlin, Ohio; John, of Omaha; and two daughters, Mrs. F. B. McKichen, of Bonnilla, South Dakota and Miss Hilda Aron of Sioux City.

Funeral services will be held at the family residence, 3311 Jackson street, Wednesday afternoon, at 2 o'clock, and at St. Paul Lutheran church at 2:30. Rev. J. Amstein, of Charter Oak, Iowa, and Rev. G. A. Matthaidess of St. Paul's Lutheran church will officiate. Burial will be in Graceland park cemetery, under the direction of Nelson's undertaking parlors.

The above is from the Sioux City Tribune, and tells of a man known and respected by many in this county where he labored faithfully for ten years. The last time the writer met him was a year or more ago, when was returning from some conference at which he had been a delegate, and he showed that his health was failing, but he was still ambitious and diligent in his chosen work.

## THE CORN BOOM

The weather for the past week has been ideal for the corn crop in this great corn producing country. A few more days of such weather and farmers will forget that we had a late wet spring. Tuesday, there came stalks of corn, or corn stalks, stood up beside the Kohl land office, that measured more than nine feet in height. They were from the field of Iner Larson, northwest of Wayne and he has a field like it. Some of the stalks on exhibit had start for three ears. We are hopeful yet for a crop

## CONOVER FAMILY REUNION

There was a happy family reunion at Wayne Saturday and Sunday and holding over the Monday so far as one of the visitors were concerned, when all members of the Conover family except one, gathered at the home of Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Wade and wife. Those present were C. E. Conover and wife and Mrs. J. A. Parnsworth and children from Colome, South Dakota and J. W. Conover, wife and three children from Sioux City, making with the family of the host and hostess a score of the family under one roof. Because of harvest time on his farm, J. D. Conover, of Dalton was not able to be present.

## COUNTY PIONEER DIES IN CALIFORNIA

G. B. Carter, well-known here and prior to leaving with his family for California recently, one of the oldest settlers of the town, passed away in California Friday, July 18. He was 82 years of age at the time of his death and had been in falling health for a number of years.

Mr. Carter came to Winside with his family nearly 38 years ago, settling on a farm. He soon after moved into the town and Winside had been the home of the family until last spring when they removed to California. Although not in good health, Mr. Carter looked forward to the trip to the Golden State with considerable enthusiasm and according to a letter written by one of his daughters soon after their arrival there stood the trip fine and seemed to be enjoying normal health.

Although no definite word was received here, interment was probably made at the family's present home at Los Angeles. Four daughters, Misses Edith and Josephine of Los Angeles, Mrs. Stella Hooker of St. Louis and Jennie whose address we have been unable to secure, survive as do four sons: Dan of Folk, Nebraska, Will of Portland, Oregon, and Lute and Roy of Los Angeles.—Winside Tribune.

## TOLL CHARGES ON BIG BRIDGE

The toll for foot passengers across the Yankton Missouri bridge will be a dime, and the charge for passengers in wheeled vehicles besides the driver will be a dime each, according to a tentative schedule adopted by the bridge directors at a meeting this week.

An auto and driver will be 50 cents and a two horse vehicle will be the same, with a toll of 40 cents for a one horse vehicle and driver. Live stock on foot will carry a toll of 20 cents a head.

Coupon books are planned by the directors, to be sold at a discount of 30 per cent for cash on bridge crossing tolls.

The full tentative schedule is: Foot passengers 10c. Horse and 1 rider, 25c. Motorcycle and 1 rider, 25c. 1 horse, vehicle and 1 rider, 40c. Automobile and driver, 50c. 2 horse vehicle and 1 passenger, 50c.

2 horse haywagon and driver, \$1. 1 vehicle, 4 horse abreast \$2.00. Small freight motor, 50c. Medium freight motor, 3/4 ton maximum, 75c.

Large truck, over 2 1/2 tons, per ton, 50c.

Large truck over 5 tons, per ton, \$1. Bicycle and rider, 15c. Trailer, no rider, 25c.

Cattle, horses, mules, hogs sheep on foot per head, 20c.

All passengers except driver, 10c. Tractors, engines or other machinery requiring planking, per ton or fraction thereof, \$2.

## KEEP COOL—IF YOU CAN

While snooping about asking about other people's business one day this week we visited the local ice plant to ask if they could not close down at bedtime these hot nights and let a fellow sleep after 10 o'clock, but they said impossible, unless we let the people suffer for want of ice. In other words, the plant is running capacity, and while it continues this hot, we fear we could not take on any orders of much size, tho we are going to care for the present patrons to best of our ability, and that means that none of them will be neglected. Mr. Clapp seems to understand the ice machinery, and is getting more ice and better frozen than before in the history of the plant.

## LEGION NAMES DELEGATES

Dr. J. C. Johnson, Rollie Miller, and Knox Jones were chosen delegates and A. L. Swan, John T. Bressler Jr., and Carroll Orr, alternates to the state American Legion convention at a meeting held Tuesday night. The convention is to be held at Grand Island August 25-26-27.

## CARD OF THANKS

We wish to express to our neighbors and friends the appreciation in which we remember the sympathy, aid and floral offering during the sickness and death of our mother, Mrs. H. Krempek. Otto Krempek, Mrs. Max Moeller, Mfio Krempek and families.

## WINSIDE WOMAN UNDER BOND TO APPEAR

Mrs. Lena Lang was brought to the county court the first of the week to answer to a charge of receiving and harboring stolen property, and she waived preliminary examination, and Judge Cherry fixed her bond for appearance at the fall term of the district court at \$500, which was given and she is now at home at Winside.

Saturday night, the 19th Eric Thompson and family were at Wayne, as is their usual habit, and remained late, as they frequently do, as they were but about four miles southeast of Wayne. Early Sunday morning they discovered that a great quantity of their canned fruit was missing, and at once began to look for clues to follow and find the fruit and the thieves. A track showed that a car with a chain on one wheel and a tire with a peculiar tread on the other had turned round at their place since any other traffic had passed, and they immediately took the trail of the car, and it led directly to the home of Mrs. Lang. A search warrant issued permitted an officer to locate a quantity of fruit in the cellar which the Thompson family identified as some they canned, a part of it being in cans different from the ordinary, which the Thompsons had used. The fruit was seized and is held pending action. One of Mrs. Lang's sons had worked at the Thompson place the season before, and that fact may tend to establish who knew so much of just where to find things.

There has been more or less petty thieving, and it is hoped that guilty ones may be discovered and an example made that will tend to check it. It is a penitentiary offence that has been committed, and no guilty one should escape.

## A VACATION TRIP

Plans are made for the editor and daughters Florence and Lila and Fred Putnam of Butte to leave early Saturday morning, (if the weather men is willing) for a motor trip to Denver. Donald Snygg, who so ably edited the Goldenrod, is to assist in raising the standard of the Democrat during the absence of the editor, and for the next two weeks the editor is not going to be responsible for the editorial views of the paper unless he shall feel inspired to send in a signed article. This announcement is made with a feeling that it will be a fine change for the readers as well as myself, and I hope that any change of the menu will prove beneficial.

Any pointers as to local news and items of interest will be gladly considered, and the readers may be especially helpful by sending such items in as usual.

## E. O. GARDNER,

1864 Race St., Denver, Colorado.

## JUST A BATH

It was heavy dew the other morning, and a farmer who was coaxing a car of hogs to make the initial step toward the packing house on foot instead of riding all the way, that the Wayne Beautiful committee or the city council should know that the farmer and his helpers were not drowned, and they think none of the porkers were lost in the jungle of weeds along the Sunshine highway in the north part of the city; but he says himself and helpers had a bath from the armpits down, and we know that their clothing was not yet dry when they reached the city proper for they neglected to bring bathing suits. The same locality last year was no credit to the community, except that it showed that we must have a very fertile soil. If some one would get a brush hook and cut the crop they might find a few wild hogs hiding there—possibly enough to pay for the mowing.

## REASON FOR THEIR FAITH

Ray Robinson lets us take a squint at some papers which tell of oil possibilities in this state, of which we are a part, and from them we make the following report: At Atkinson they find abundant signs of oil and gas, and a test is said to reveal a stratum able to yield 20,000,000 feet of gas a day. That will be quite a plenty. Another item says that Nebraska is rich in oil, and predicts that it is believed that Nebraska will prove capable of producing more petroleum than any other state in the union of its size—and we know it is one of the big states. It further states that Nebraska is underlaid with the finest grade of coal in the world. Let's dig it up. The district about Bartlett is also said to be prolific in oil unless all signs fail.

## WHAT CAN WAYNE DO?

Is there any way by which Wayne and community can better conditions? Just now the fly in the ointment is really in the cream. Ever since we lost a creamery here the big central plants have been trying and in a measure succeeding, in keeping the price of butter fat down. Only this week, as you may read elsewhere, the central plants have made the prices at Norfolk for cream at the door—that is, delivered by the producer, the same as paid for cream shipped to them from other nearby towns. They did not make this by raising the price for the delivered cream, but by cutting the price of the shipped in cream.

That looks good for Wayne and the smaller towns, you say, so we said, until we interviewed some of the local agents of the centrals. They looked at the price paid at Norfolk, 31 cents that day—and then looked at the price the centrals permit them to pay here, 27 cents.

Is there a way to get a square deal? We think so; and hope to tell soon of a way. Let us hear what you think of the situation, Mr. Merchant and Mr. Farmer. Why not organize to get what the market will permit elsewhere?

## STOCK SHIPMENTS—41 CARS

Sioux City Market  
Andrew Stamm, car cattle.  
L. C. Gildersleeve, two car hogs.  
Herman Lutt, car hogs.  
Eph Beckenhauer, two cars hogs.  
H. P. Nelson, mixed car cattle and hogs.

August Wittler, car hogs.  
John Beckman, two cars cattle and car hogs.

F. W. Vahlkamp, car hogs.  
Albert Milliken, car hogs.  
L. B. Koch, car hogs.  
Henry Kay, car hogs.  
Fred Martin, car hogs.  
Jack Denbeck, car hogs.  
James Finn, car hogs.  
B. Grone, car hogs.  
Herbert Hinerichs, car hogs.  
E. J. Paulsen, two car cattle.

## Omaha Market

Kasper Korn, car cattle.  
George Hofeldt, car hogs.  
Simon Lessman, car cattle.  
Harry McMillan, two cars cattle.  
Kay & Swartz, three cars cattle.  
Harry Kay, two cars cattle.  
G. W. Albert, four cars cattle.  
Walter J. Herman, car cattle.

## Chicago Market

L. M. Owen, four cars cattle.

## TO COMPLETE JOB OF BUILDING CAPITOL

Architects who have succeeded the late Architect B. G. Goodhue, designer of the new state capitol, building for Nebraska, will undoubtedly go ahead with the work started by Mr. Goodhue, as arrangements are now being made with them by the capitol commission. For a consideration of \$80,000, besides what has been already paid to Mr. Goodhue and his widow under the terms of his contract, these architects will continue the work of finishing plans and supervising the construction of the building. The state has already paid or is owing about \$280,000 to Mr. Goodhue, and had he remained in charge of the job until it was completed, the total amount paid him would have been about \$450,000. By getting the succeeding firm of architects to handle the work for \$80,000, a material saving will be made.

## MISSIONFEST HERE SUNDAY AT THEOPHILUS CHURCH

Rev. Fisher of the above church tells us that they had a most interesting and successful gathering at the church last Sunday in the interest of missions. He was assisted in the services by Rev. E. Aleck of West Point, who preached in the morning. Two services were held after the splendid picnic dinner in which all participated. The afternoon speakers were Rev. G. Duensing from Tilden and Rev. W. Kochheim from Omaha. The practical aid for the mission cause was not neglected, the free offering amounted to \$171.76. The different mission fields in which the church is interested.

## LOOKS LIKE A WAYNE CITIZEN

That was the remark made by one who saw the picture of John H. Norton in the Monday evening Tribune. We will not tell who the observer said, but he is ambitious, a hustler and an asset to our community, that is one reason we refer to Mr. Norton as our next governor.

## PROVIDING WINTER VEGETABLES

During the latter part of July is the time to make preparation for a vegetable supply for winter. Most vegetables now in the garden will be either used up or be too coarse and woody to be palatable during the winter. Such crops as beets, carrots, rutabagas, kohlrabi, turnips and chinese lettuce if sown now will by the middle of October provide a variety of fresh vegetables for fall and early winter use. With the abundance of moisture now in the soil, there ought to be no difficulty in getting the seed to grow.

## PONCA BOY KILLED IN AUTO ACCIDENT

Ponca, Nebraska, July 29—Joseph Dare, 10, was instantly killed when the automobile in which he was riding got beyond control and crashed down a steep hill near here yesterday afternoon. His parents, Mr. and Mrs. Coran-Dare, were seriously injured.

## AUTOMOBILE BURNED NEAR FORDYCE MONDAY

Last week Mrs. C. E. Tompkins came from Basset accompanied by a little neighbor girl, Wilma Carr, and visited her parents, E. L. Griffith and wife. She was joined here in the visit by her sister, Mrs. Parkinson from Kansas City. Accompanied by their mother they drove to Irene, South Dakota, to visit a sister there. Returning, they were seen safely across the Missouri by their host, who returned on the boat that brought their car across the stream.

They were moving on nicely across the bottom lands, and were part way up the incline that lead to the higher grounds as one approaches Fordyce when the engine stopped, and the car began a retreat down the hill. They thought the level ground would be a better place on which to investigate and learn the trouble, so guided the car and let it gently down the hill.

They stopped the car ignited and began to burn so rapidly that the occupants made a hurried escape, and could do nothing but stand and watch it burn. They had just taken on 10 gallons of gas, and when the top of the tank blew off, they decided that a safe distance would lend enchantment to the scene, even if it was consuming the car and such wraps and baggage as they were carrying. The car was a total loss, and had no insurance, but they had the satisfaction of knowing that it was only a Ford which had seen several years of service.

## NORFOLK CREAM STATIONS MAKE UNIFORM PRICE

For the first time since the agitation over "direct" and "station" prices for cream in Norfolk started, local cream stations have gotten together and are paying a uniform price to the producers.

Cream prices were quoted at 31 cents this morning following instructions received from the creameries on Monday evening. This morning all of the stations started paying 31 cents for cream whether it was shipped direct by rail or delivered at the station.

"There should be a differential of 5 cents in favor of the direct shipments," one cream station told The News, "but the stations had a little discussion over the question on Monday and Monday evening they decided to eliminate the differential and pay one price."

Farmers who have been hauling cream to Norfolk in their automobiles have been complaining for a long time that they were being discriminated against because they got 5 cents less for delivering their cream to the door of the station than they would get if they drove to a neighboring town and sent it to Norfolk by rail.

The above is from the News and will be interesting news to the cream stations at Wayne and probably other places where the farmers have been shipping cream to Norfolk, and receiving more pay than the local agents were permitted to pay by their central plant. There are perhaps as many as 25 farmers who have been shipping cream from here by express for the higher price. One farmer who was shipping from here in the morning was planning to drive to Norfolk in the afternoon with the same car in which he brought his cream to ship to Wayne. Evidently the cream combine is putting another hitch in the monopoly strngs with which they are hoping to hitch everything in the cream line to their kite, and then stand and wonder to the farmer that it does not fly higher.

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AT THE

# Crystal

**THEATRE**

E. GAILEY, Manager

**Tonight—Thursday**

LAST DAY

TOM MIX in  
"SOFT BOLLEN"

Admission.....15c and 30c

**Friday and Saturday**

JACULINE LOGAN and  
PERCY MARMONT in  
"THE LIGHT THAT FAILED"

Also Comedy  
"HEAD ON"

Admission.....10c and 25c

**Monday & Tuesday**

D. W. GRIFFITHS' Masterpiece  
"THE WHITE ROSE"

Also Fox News

Admission.....10c and 30c

Coming Next Week

**Wednesday & Thursday**

That Frozen Faced Comedian  
BUSTER KEATON, in  
"SHERLOCK JR."

Admission.....10c and 25c

COMING SOON

HAROLD LLOYD in  
"GIRL SHY"

Matinee every Saturday at 3:00

Door open at 2:30

One show only in p. m.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Glaser and two children of near Stanton, were Wayne visitors between trains Friday.

Miss Helen Rehmus and niece Irene Kopline, of Winside were Wayne visitors between trains Saturday.

Herman Elckhoff, underwent an operation for appendicitis, at a hospital at Sioux City Friday morning.

Misses Lucille and Mildred Westlund and Veri Wilson went to Sioux City Saturday morning and spent the day there.

Mrs. L. E. Ellis went to Sioux City Saturday morning and spent a couple of days visiting with her son Fay Ellis and family.

Miss Jessie Jenks, departed Saturday afternoon for her home at Toledo Iowa, where she will spend her summer vacation.

FOR SALE: House and 1 lot, close in, 2 blocks from high school. Water, light, and sewer, see Mrs. J. H. Boyce.—adv. J3-1f.

Miss Stella Skiles, departed Friday afternoon for Euhl, Idaho, where she will spend the month of August visiting with her parents.

J. Wade of Winside is reported to be visiting and sight seeing at the Garden of the Gods and other points of interest in vicinity of Colorado Springs.

Mrs. L. F. Rector, who spent about a week visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Al Helleberg, her daughter returned to her home at Columbus, Friday.

Mrs. Clarence Conger, and daughter Ireta Pangburn departed Saturday morning for Creighton, where she will visit her parents. Her father is seriously ill.

The old settlers of Cedar County will hold their annual picnic at Hartington on Tuesday, August 12, they generously extend an invitation to everybody to attend.

Gustaf Schult, of Heman, Missouri, who lived here for a year or two more than a third of a century ago, came last week to visit his sister, Mrs. Wm. Damme, whom he had not before seen for 35 years. He finds many changes in this country in those years.

The Rev. Bishop Frederick T. Keeney, successor of the late Bishop Homer C. Stuntz as prelate of the Omaha area of the Methodist Episcopal church, preached his first sermon in the diocese at the First Methodist church, Omaha, Sunday, July 20.

Nebraska's crop prospects are cheering the farmer and consequently the volume of business done in all parts of the state is showing big increases daily, according to a survey made by the World-Herald's correspondents in all parts of the state.

FOR SALE OR TRADE—The George Heady residence in Wayne. Will consider Sioux City property. This property must be sold. Any reasonable property in Sioux City accepted. Write or call L. B. Palmer, 2714, Prospect St., Sioux City, Iowa. Auto Phone 56674.—adv. July 31-2t

Fortner wants your eggs.—adv.

J. C. Nuss and family left the first of the week for Lake Okoboji, where they will spend a two weeks vacation.

J. G. Mines and daughter Margaret departed Monday for lake Okoboji, where they will spend their vacation.

Mrs. E. J. Paulsen and daughter Mrs. J. W. Kieper, went to Sioux City Monday morning and spent the day. Golfers, improve your score and add comfort to the pleasure of the game by wearing Vlopake tinted lens.—Dr. E. E. Simmons, Opt.—adv.

Miss Blanche Banister departed Saturday morning for Clearwater, where she expects to spend a week or so visiting with her aunt.

Mrs. A. A. Welch, who spent a week visiting with her daughter Mrs. Harry Armstrong at Sioux City returned home Saturday morning.

Dr. C. T. Heckert, who spent three weeks vacation at Cheyenne Wells, Estes Park and Denver, Colorado, and other place returned home Monday.

Mrs. Henry Hill and Mrs. Fred Hill, who were here for the funeral of Elsie Vahlkamp, departed Monday morning for their home at Syracuse.

A 66,000-volt electric transmission line is to be built between Lincoln and Plattsmouth by the Nebraska Gas & Electric company, to be completed by December 1. The line will furnish electricity to farms along the route.

Mrs. O. A. Harker, daughters Martha and Ann, who spent three weeks visiting at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Bressler sr., and other relatives, departed Saturday morning for her home at Puryear, Tennessee.

Thirty-three Nebraskans, members of the Fifth Regiment, U. S. Naval Reserve, are on a two weeks' cruise of Lake Superior for training, and 843 young men of the state will go to Citizens' Military Training camps next month. The majority are scheduled to go to Fort Des Moines, Iowa.

Elizabeth and Fredrick Starks, who spent a month visiting at Laurel and at the home of Dr. and Mrs. C. T. Ingham, departed Friday morning for their home at Long Pine. They were accompanied by Esther Mae and Charles Ingham, who will spend a few days there. Esther Mae will join the campfire girls there, who left Wayne the first of the week.

John Kay and wife drove up from their new home in Council Bluffs, Iowa, for Sunday with Wayne relatives and friends, and to take their daughter home with them, she having been attending the Normal, the summer term of which closed Friday. John tells us that he is expecting to put in much time fishing, and that he thinks it will be good in the waters about the Bluffs country.

Mike Coleman was up from Pender last Friday, looking to our seed dealers for right price and quality of alfalfa seed, which is said to be high in price and scarce this fall. We heard the best quoted at \$15 per bushel, which makes it seem that if weather conditions seem right it might be profitable to let one hay cutting go and harvest it for seed. Under favorable conditions 4 bushels per acre may be had. That would more than pay the selling price of some good alfalfa land we know of.

Chast Bright from Chadron was here Monday, himself and wife coming to Winside the last of the week, and he driving over Wednesday morning. They will visit here, at Winside and at Fremont while he is taking his vacation during vacation time at the Chadron State Normal; said vacation consisting of a change of work as he is out in the interest of the American Book Concern, who seek his valuable assistance each vacation time. The Professor and wife find a host of friends in this corner of Nebraska.

We well remember when the wagons training across the almost trackless plains between the Missouri river and the mountains had the inscription on their wagon cover, "Pike's Peak or Bust," with now and then a wagon headed east with the word "Busted" underneath. Howard James was telling us the other day that he is soon to be sailing under the first motto, for he will begin a vacation next week, and has an eye on the summit of that great landmark of the range, which looms up when you are still 100 miles away, distinct from the other mountains.

We hear great stories of interesting things at the summer sight-seeing parks of the mountains. The papers this week are telling of the great grizzly bears that annoy the tourists in the Yellowstone National park, stopping the cars until they have been fed, by the tourists. Now comes word from the Colorado Spring people that the tourists motoring over the beautiful and scenic trails in that vicinity are having similar trouble with the deer that have been protected until they do not fear the tourist nor do the travelers have the fear of the deer that they have of the bear; the one may be as harmless as the other when domesticated or civilized to that extent.

**Ford**  
THE ALL-PURPOSE TRUCK

**Preference Based on Performance**

Dependable, Light, Speedy Trucking on a Profitable Operating Basis

The thoroughly dependable qualities of Ford trucking units are reflected in their universal acceptance for light, speedy delivery.

Ford one-ton trucks cost less to buy and less to maintain. They are the most economical trucks on the market.

**Ford Motor Company**  
Detroit, Michigan

SEE THE NEAREST AUTHORIZED FORD DEALER

LOCAL AND PERSONAL

Fortner wants your Cream, Poultry, and Eggs.

Mrs. Chas. Riese went to Sioux City Monday morning and spent a couple of days.

Mrs. V. L. Dayton and son Lawrence from Carroll, spent Sunday with Wayne friends and relatives.

See Dr. E. E. Simmons at Fanski's Jewelry Store each Saturday and Monday and get relief from your eye troubles.—adv.

E. S. Edholm and wife and son were passengers to Sioux City, he on a business mission to return early this week, and the wife for a more extended visit.

Dr. Young's Dental Office over the First National Bank. Phone 307.—Adv-29-1f.

Miss Mildred Waller, who spent the week end visiting with her parents at Randolph, returned Monday morning.

Mrs. Gernar, who spent a week visiting with her parents at Council Bluffs, returned home Saturday morning.

Mrs. Harvey Neely and son Harvey Jr., went to Sioux City Friday morning and spent a few days visiting with relatives.

Erman Henny went to LeMars, Iowa, Sunday to join his wife and son in a visit there, and return with them by automobile. They motored over last week to visit with relatives.

Mrs. J. B. Stallsmith, daughter Clara and son H. H. Stallsmith went to Sioux City Saturday morning to attend the funeral of Mrs. M. A. Wood. Mrs. Wood is a sister to the late Mr. Stallsmith.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. McDonald, of Kansas City, Missouri, who spent a few days visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Roy McDonald, left Monday morning for Creston, Iowa, where they will visit with other relatives.

Nebraska will harvest 45,365,000 bushels of winter wheat this year as compared to 28,220,000 bushels in 1923, a gain of 17,145,000 bushels, in contrast to a decrease of 29,789,000 bushels for the entire United States.

The first of the week, Mrs. Geo. Crossland and sons Will of Laurel and Paul of Wayne left by car for an outing in the west; planning to visit at various places along the road between here and the mountains, where they will see the sight at Colorado Springs, the Garden of Gods, Estes park, Boulder and other places noted for their fine scenery, putting in about two weeks or more on the trip.

Service on the coast to coast are mail route has kept 94 per cent up to schedule time, Colonel Paul Henderson, second assistant postmaster general in charge of mail transportation, told Omaha business men in a talk at the Chamber of Commerce last Wednesday noon. Air mail revenue has been \$2,000 a day, and this must be increased to \$5,000 a day to make the new service financially successful, he said.

C. R. Chinn and wife left Wednesday to spend a month of their vacation at his Minnesota farm near Aitkin; and that they expect to have as guests there for a time at least Mr. and Mrs. Fred Dale and son, A. T. Cavanaugh and family and Mrs. D. J. Cavanaugh. Also that George and Fred Denking and some of the smaller children are coming to visit with relatives in Wisconsin, and from there Geo. and Fred will come to the Chinn farm and join for a time in the fishing at the lakes near there. It will be quite a Wayne colony while the vacation last. Mr. Chinn was in for a bit of ink Monday morning with which to make some marks for the visitors to follow after leaving the highway until they reach his farm in the woods.

Fortner wants your poultry.—adv. Misses Faye Winegar and Lucille Noakes came home Saturday evening from a visit with friends at Coleridge.

Mrs. Maude Berry and two children left Tuesday for Madison where she will spend three weeks, visiting with relatives.

When Henry Stallsmith returned from Sioux City Saturday evening; where he went to attend the funeral of an aunt, he was accompanied by his uncle Joe Stallsmith of Eldora, Iowa, who had come to the city to be present at the same funeral, his sister. Mr. Stallsmith has frequently visited here, and planned to tarry a week or more, for he has a number of old soldier friends, acquaintances formed in former visits.

Mr and Mrs. Willard Brink came from Crofton Saturday evening to visit at the home of her parents Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Boyce. Mr. Boyce, was seriously ill, and underwent an operation at the Wyne hospital Sunday morning for gall stones, and appendicitis. Among other relatives who were here Sunday; his father R. L. Boyce, brother Edmond Boyce, sister Mrs. A. M. McClusty, and nephew Rueben Stillely, and Mrs. Ferdnan Sitz, all of Glenwood, Iowa. At this writing Mr. Boyce is getting along very nicely.

Mrs. Henry Cozad and sister Mrs. Hartman went to Sioux City Tuesday afternoon and spent a couple of days there.

Miss Goldie Chace departed Tuesday afternoon for Sioux City, where she will spend a short time visiting with relatives.

Miss Minnie Will departed Tuesday morning for Lincoln, where she will spend a short time visiting with her sister Mrs. Jack King and husband.

W. Y. Miles and son Roy from Sidney were here the first of the week, coming up from Hooper where they had been with the body of wife and mother, Mrs. Miles, who died at their Sidney home July 22nd.

Eggs wanted at Fortner's.—adv.

## REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE State Bank of Wayne

Charter No. 448 in the State of Nebraska at the close of business July 21, 1924.

**RESOURCES**

Loans and discounts	\$589,708.82
Overdrafts	1,942.47
United States Liberty Bonds	158,600.00
United States Certificates of Indebtedness	197,400.00
Banking house, furniture and fixtures	12,000.00
Bankers Conservation Fund	2,313.01
Due from National and State banks	\$161,709.00
Checks and items of exchange	3,298.43
Currency	8,213.00
Gold coin	12,005.00
Silver, nickels and cents	4,126.86
<b>Total Cash</b>	<b>189,353.29</b>
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>\$1,151,317.59</b>

**LIABILITIES**

Capital stock paid in	\$ 50,000.00
Surplus fund	17,500.00
Undivided profits (Net)	17,143.68
Individual deposits subject to check	\$477,047.91
Demand certificates of deposits	5,813.44
Time certificates of deposit	568,049.81
<b>Total Deposits</b>	<b>1,050,911.16</b>
Due to National and State banks	7,734.79
Depositor's guaranty fund	8,027.96
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>\$1,151,317.59</b>

State of Nebraska, County of Wayne, ss.  
I, Rollie W. Ley, Cashier of the above named bank do hereby swear that the above statement is a correct and true copy of the report made to the State Bureau of Banking.

ROLLIE W. Ley, Cashier.

ATTEST:  
C. A. Chace, Director,  
Henry Ley, Director.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 26th day of July 1924.  
(Seal)  
Nina Thompson, Notary Public.

**Kearns Produce House**  
wants your  
**Cream, Eggs, Poultry**

# Good Illinois Coal

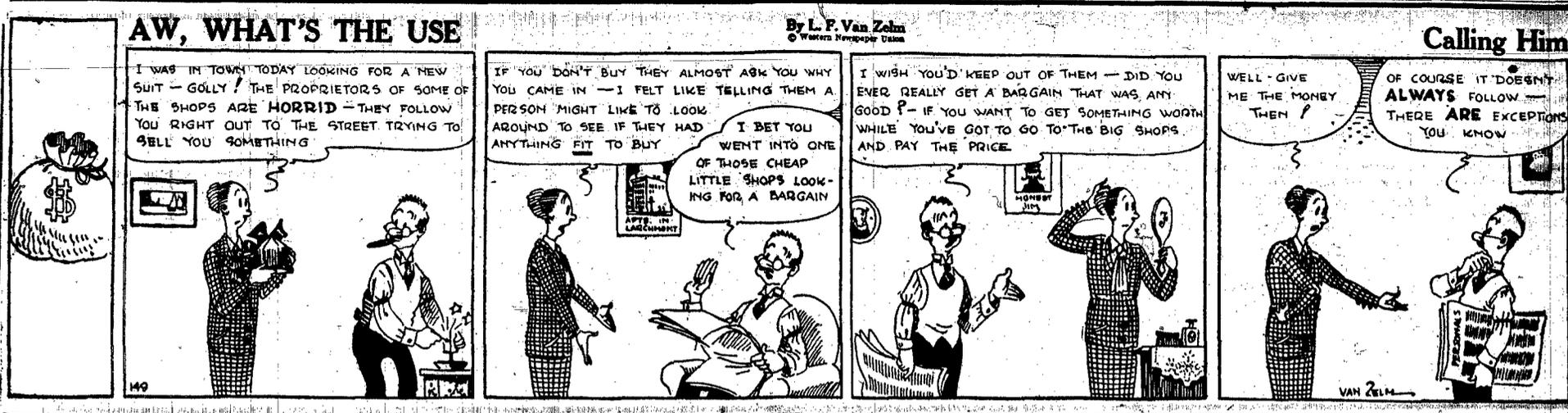
Good for Furnace

**\$8.00 Ton**

Place your order today.

**Wayne Grain and Coal Company**

CARL MADSEN, Proprietor



**GOVERNMENT WILL OFFER SANTEE BUILDINGS FOR SALE**

With the government offering for sale all but six of the thirty-five buildings that go to make up the town of Santee, situated in Knox county, three miles this side of the South Dakota line, word comes that residents fear their village will be wiped from the map.

Word from Washington states that the building to be sold range in age from fifteen to forty years and are fast crumbling away because they have been unoccupied with the exception of the school house and four houses occupied by a farmer, a doctor and two traders.

Santee people, however, say that families occupy most of the houses and are fearful of what will happen under private ownership.

Santee originally was a reservation agency, but was discontinued several years ago when the Santee Indians were given separate allotments of farm land. The Indians, about 800, are on their farms, most of which are within a few miles of the village.

The Santee Indians are a branch

**IS AN OLD DORMITORY. A HALF MILE FROM SANTEE IS THE CONGREGATIONAL MISSIONARY SCHOOL FOR INDIAN CHILDREN.**

**KEPT IN GERMANY BY STORER, SEEKS TO RECOVER FARM**

Frank Noelle, farmer, has brought suit in federal court to recover title to one hundred and sixty acres of land in Wayne county, seized by the alien property custodian during the world war when Noelle was unable to leave Germany.

Noelle says he went to Germany in 1911 to visit, and neglected to affirm his American citizenship, although he had been naturalized in this country in 1903. In Germany he married, and lived for a time on a farm owned by Mrs. Noelle. The return to this country was delayed in 1912 and again in 1913 and 1914 by the birth of three children.

When the war broke out in August, 1914, Noelle was refused passports because he was not registered as an American citizen. He says he worked on a farm during hostilities and was never identified with German war

**NATIONAL DEFENSE DAY (Lincoln Star)**

The war department has brought down a storm upon its head by calling upon the governors of the various states to designate September 12 as National Defense day.

It was the plan of the war department to mobilize the military forces of this country on that day for a series of parades and demonstrations in every state and more particularly in the larger cities.

The action of the war department has brought protests from at least a dozen different organizations of known pacifist leanings. But it has also encouraged the opposition of many men and organizations who do not fall within that classification.

Governor Percival P. Baxter of Maine in response to the request that he designate September 12 as National Defense day addressed a strong letter to President Coolidge.

"This nation should lead in the movement to settle our differences with other nations through the world court, instead of by resort to war. A national mobilization of the armed forces of this country well might be regarded by other nations as a threat,

**MR. HUGHES AND SECRETARY HUGHES**

(Louisville Courier-Journal.)

It has come to be a fact that when an American makes a speech at one of those Pilgrims' dinners in London the newspapers next morning present what Charles A. Dana used to call "mighty interesting reading." The Pilgrim's dinner Monday night was no exception. Secretary Charles E. Hughes was the principal speaker, and Secretary Hughes was never before so readable.

Perhaps he should be referred to in this connection as Mr. Hughes, not Secretary Hughes. He was, as the prince of Wales remarked, "incognito." As he himself put it, he was "off duty," his status being that of "a sympathetic and unofficial observer."

And as an unofficial observer Mr. Hughes undertook to tell the Londoners what is the American attitude on foreign affairs. Americans as well as Londoners will be keenly interested in this, for they have been unable to learn from Secretary Hughes in his official capacity that America has any attitude, except a negative one, on foreign affairs.

Mr. Hughes explained that America's devotion to the cause of peace and world co-operation could be counted on "in every way congenial with American institutions." That was in the first part of his speech. Further on, along toward the close, he admitted that "when American interests are directly involved and clearly perceived by our people, we are capable of unity of sentiment and action and in such a case our constitutional methods are no hindrance to efficiency, as we showed in the great war."

Which seems to be tantamount to saying that when America finds its own interests are at stake America can act in world affairs and make its "action in every way congenial with American institutions."

The most illuminating part of Mr. Hughes' address was his differentiation of America and the American government. This was particularly striking because Mr. Hughes is a part of America while Secretary Hughes is a part of the American government.

Mr. Hughes, it appears, does not think Secretary Hughes amounts to much, if anything. America, said Mr. Hughes, desires to co-operate with the world for peace. "For the economic rehabilitation of Europe dependence could be put upon America of Mr. Hughes. Never mind the American government of Secretary Hughes. For, says Mr. Hughes, "it does not matter that this aid is not governmental."

Before he sat down he further elaborated this distinction. He explained that the American newspapers, not the American government, expressed American sentiment from all points of view; that American finance spoke for American investors who did not "look to the government for either advice or security;" and that American spirit America is all right. The American government—pah! Any attempt to world good "a governmental matter would only have meant hopeless debate and no adequate action."

Bully for Mr. Hughes, off-duty, and a mirrour on Secretary Hughes who, when he returns to duty, will rejoin his party in its campaign claims of credit for the American government, under a republican administration, for what unofficial America is doing, and wishes to do, in the cause of world peace and European rehabilitation.

Mr. Hughes and Secretary Hughes seem to be two personalities as different as were Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde. It was Mr. Hughes who signed the pronouncement of the "31." It was Secretary Hughes who kicked the "31" to kingdom come.

**CHARACTER. THEY OFTEN SINGLE OUT IN ADVANCE THE NAMES OF MEN OF EMINENT MERIT WHO, THEY SAY, OUGHT TO BE NOMINATED FOR THE MOST IMPORTANT OFFICES, BUT WHO PROBABLY WILL NOT BE FOR THE VERY REASON THAT THEY STAND TOO MUCH ABOVE THE ORDINARY RUN OF POLITICIANS TO BE ACCEPTABLE TO THEM.**

But this year the thing that was too good to be true has come to be true in the case of Mr. Davis. He was the one man among the independents of-tenest singled out as the "ideal" candidate who ought to be selected, but almost certainly would not be.

There is a duty here which runs beyond any question of personal liking or admiration. Independents ought to consider the matter as it affects the attitude and the future tendency of one of the great political parties.

Now they have the opportunity to throw all their influence on the side of a man whom they acknowledge to be of spotless character, uncommon ability and noble aims. If they do not do it, with what face can they hereafter mourn over the debasement of politics or talk dolefully of the bars which politicians raise in the path of men of high talents and worthy motives. Certainly no independent can be allowed without rebuke hereafter to rail at the democratic party for its selection of unfit candidates, if he does not hold up the hands, by voice and vote, of one who is eminently fit.

**Calling Him**

acre often is obtained by this practice. Early plowing kills the weeds which would otherwise use up all the available moisture in the soil as well as the plant food. Tests have also shown that early plowed fields have more nitrogen than late plowing. In case all the land cannot be plowed soon after harvest, it is a good practice with later plowing may give as good results as early plowing. Stacking the grain rather than waiting for the machine for shock threshing allows the plowing to be done earlier. This allows much plowing to be done immediately after rains when the neighbors are not calling for help for threshing. Not much wheat is grown here, but the plowing is good just the same.

**Wayne County Fair—Wayne**  
September 24 to 27 inclusive. W. E. VonSeggern, Sec.

of the Sioux Tribe. They inhabited the lake regions of northern Minnesota at the time of the Sioux uprising against white settlers there in 1862. Accused of taking part in the massacre, the Santees in 1863 were moved to Crow Creek in South Dakota.

In 1866, the government created the Santee reservation in Knox county and moved the Indians onto it. At that time there were about 1500 men, women and children.

The village of Santee was a typical trading post and Indians agency town, but went backward when the agency was abandoned.

In addition to the buildings, the government will offer for sale about 440 acres of land adjoining, which is now under the supervision of Mr. Daniel. Among the buildings

activities.

After the war he obtained a German passport and returned to this country, going back to Wayne county where he lives now with his wife and their six children. His farm and 8 thousand, 4 hundred and fifty dollars in notes secured by mortgages had been seized by the alien property custodian, and Noelle has been paid ten thousand dollars, but he wants his farm back.

or at least a warning. It would afford them, should they seek it, an excuse for similar mobilizations. The race for supremacy thus might be begun anew, with another and far more terrible war as its result.

"I believe in reasonable preparations, for defense. However, I do not believe in parading our strength to the world, or in calling attention to the fact that the United States is the most powerful nation."

There is much common sense in that letter.

Through the initiative of Secretary of State Hughes, America led in the movement for disarmament at the Washington conference. It was called by this country, and the program adopted largely promulgated by America. Any movement which tends towards an elaborate display of military strength is not in harmony with the spirit which America revealed in the disarmament conference.

This country should pursue the middle course for the present. The junkies who are calling for the elaborate defense programs are as dangerous as the pacifists who would throw America upon the mercy of the world. Each group represent the extremes and their programs should be avoided.

**ALLEN APPOINTS ASSISTANTS FOR CAMPAIGN**

Chairman T. S. Allen of the democratic state committee has appointed the following campaign assistants, under authority given him by the state convention at Omaha on May 1, last, and with the approval of the state committee at its meeting in Lincoln yesterday:

Vice chairman, John C. Byrnes, Columbus; vice chairwoman, Mrs. Anna Fall, Beatrice; secretary, S. C. Stone, Seward; assistant secretary, George M. Baird, Lincoln, formerly of Hastings; treasurer, L. C. Chapin, Lincoln.

The executive committee for the campaign will include Chairman Allen and the foregoing officers and the following other appointed members.

A. F. Mullen, Omaha; Douglas Coles, Pierce; Dr. E. O. Weber, Wahoo; William Grueber, Byron; Charles A. Chappell, Minden; Mrs. H. E. Newbranch, Omaha; Joseph T. Votava, Omaha; Mrs. Clara Clayton, Lincoln; Mrs. Nellie Deffenbaugh, Fairbury; Mrs. C. G. Ryan, Grand Island; and Miss Florence F. Martin, Harvard.

**MAKE THAT JELLY JELL**

If the last pan full of jelly wouldn't jell, try a pectin test on the next fruit juice that is to be used for jell. Put a teaspoonful of the juice in an equal amount of either witch hazel or grain alcohol. If it forms a gelatinous mass, the juice contains pectin. Add sugar to the juice according to how much of it gathers in the test. For example, if three-fourths of the teaspoonful forms in the jelly-like mass, add about three-fourths as much sugar as there is juice. If less than one-half of the juice jells in the test, some other juice should be added, or better still, the juice should be canned for future use as a beverage.

Fruit juice must also contain acid if it is to make jell. Such fruits as peaches, pears, quinces, and sweet apples contain plenty of pectin but not enough acid when they are ripe to make the best jell. Juices of lemons, grapes, crabapples, cherries, gooseberries, etc., may be added to furnish the acid.

**We will give you any kind of information that you wish to ask regarding**

**Dry Cleaning Tailoring Pleating or Dyeing**

It's Free—Just Ask for It

**JACQUES**

PHONE FOUR-SIX-THREE

Just Across the Street from the Crystal Theatre.

Wayne, Nebraska

**W. B. Vail**  
Optician and Optometrist  
All new equipment for testing eyes  
Telephone 303 Wayne, Nebr.

**KIDNAPPING MARSHAL OF WINNEBAGO**

A recent number of the Homer Star tells of the kidnapping of the village marshal of Winnebago.

"The Winnebago Marshal was kidnapped Tuesday night of last week by Bill Mack, whom he had arrested. Mack is alleged to have abducted Glover when the latter placed him under arrest for attempting to steal his own baby from the home of his wife's parents near Winnebago. After Mack failed in his purpose he was arrested and drove his own car to the jail with the marshal in it, but when he got in sight of the village "jug," he stepped on the gas and fled out of town. This side of Winnebago, the marshal was ordered out of the car and Mack proceeded this way."

His car was later found by Homer authorities at the Independent Stock Farm east of Homer, Mack making his way from there on foot.

**WANTED** clean cotton rags at this office.—adv.

**PORTNER WANTS YOUR POULTRY, CREAM AND EGGS—adv.**

**MR. DAVIS AND INDEPENDENTS**  
(New York Times)

The nomination of Mr. John W. Davis by the democratic convention puts a special obligation upon the growing numbers of Americans who swear by no party. They are accustomed to criticize both parties for not bringing forward leaders of a higher

**PLOW EARLY FOR WHEAT**

Early fall plowing for wheat or fall sown alfalfa has proven to be much better than late plowing in tests carried out by many farmers. This puts the soil in a condition to absorb more of the rainfall before seeding time and a finer and more compact seedbed can be obtained. Five to ten bushels more of wheat per

**A DISTINGUISHED WASHING MACHINE**

The Delco-Light Electric Washing Machine is distinguished for its superior washing ability. It duplicates the action of the expert laundress—lifting, dipping, rubbing—seventy times a minute, insuring thorough cleansing.

Come in for demonstration and details.

**Fritz K. Eickhoff**  
Phone 106 Wayne, Neb.

**I Will Call For and Deliver Your Garments Phone 41.**

**WE ARE TAILORS, CLEANERS AND DYERS**

Prompt Service on Cleaning and Pressing

**The Wayne Cleaning Works**  
W. A. Truman, Prop.

**NEBRASKA'S FIFTY-SIXTH STATE FAIR & EXPOSITION**

**LINCOLN AUG. 31-SEPT. 3**

**THE SHOW WINDOW OF THE STATE**

**NEVER ON A BIGGER SCALE**

**NEBRASKA'S ANNUAL VACATION WEEK**

**NEBRASKA'S ANNUAL VACATION WEEK**

GARDNER & WADE, Publishers

THURSDAY, JULY 31, 1924.  
NUMBER 31

Entered as second class matter in 1884, at the postoffice at Wayne, Neb., under the act of March 3, 1879.

Subscription Rates  
One Year \$1.50  
Six Months .75

WAYNE MARKET REPORTS

Following are the market prices quoted us up to the time of going to press Thursday:

Table with market prices for various goods: Corn (.93), Oats (.43), Springs (.23), Potatoes (.6), Eggs (.13 and .16), Butter Fat (.27), Hogs (\$8.00 to \$9.00), Cattle (\$7.00 to \$11.00)

"Governor Norton sounds fine," says an exchange. Yes, and he is sound, too, we think.

Some people claim that Firpo should be deported. Perhaps. Why not have Dempsey put him out?

All the big bugs and politicians are friends of the common people this year—at least until after the November count.

Oil prices are dropping some more; but we notice that the hit came first to the crude product. Possibly the big refining trust is still exacting its "pound of flesh." If it cannot take from both producer and consumer it should be fair and take alike from each.

As an example of the incoherent manner in which the Journal approaches its conclusions we cite the following sentence: "When one stops to consider how few voters in this country are in quick sympathy with Russian communism, opposed to the government of the United States since it was established and devoted to ruinous and destructive theories and policies, one may figure that the La Follette-Wheeler campaign will not get very far anywhere." Had we made that statement our over-grown contemporary would have accused us of treason but after considering the source we must attribute the sentiment to a misplaced comma.

Now Mark Sullivan tells us thru his letters to the press that Bryan is not wanted at the White House—that business men are suspicious of him. Well, why did they permit his nomination? Just to have something to kick about? Possibly these "Business Men" are going to run the country just to their liking, and perhaps not. We will admit that big business which is supposed to be run by business men, comes near running things, but they run some departments more like a gang of robbers than business men. A good business man, no matter how greedy, will hardly rob his best patrons to an extent that they cannot possibly come again—yet that is what the financial policy followed by the administration at the dictation of big business has done to the agricultural districts of the great west, as the writer sees it.

Party ties seem to be weakening—even candidates of office, nominees for high office are refusing to support the presidential nominee of their own party. Our own republican nominee for a seat in the United States senate does not hesitate to let it be known that he will not work for the election of Coolidge; and over in Iowa, according to the papers, Brookhart, the nominee of the republicans, talks that he will not support either Coolidge or LaFollette. Of course he did not say that he would support the democratic nominee, but unless he remains neutral he has but one or two other places to go. We are glad to see this bit of independence—and it is perhaps a mutual deal so far as Iowa is concerned, for we doubt very much if the administration workers

will be instructed to say much for either Brookhart or Norris.

The Sioux City Journal, which has distinguished itself of late by its hysterical attacks upon Senator LaFollette, last Saturday in an editorial entitled "The Black List" cast derision on what it asserted was the Senator's plan to secure "election of as many representatives as would aid the plan of dictating the election of a radical choice if the decision is left to the house." When we consider the well known fact that the house which would decide such a question is the house now seated we wonder if all the opinions of the Journal are founded upon equally unreliable information. We suggest that the editors of the Journal study the constitution they profess to defend. While it is a little radical for their conservative taste it will not excite them as much as that incendiary document, the Declaration of Independence.

They are offering great claims for the new artificial lumber made of the waste fiber of sugar cane. Mills near New Orleans are already turning out half a million feet of this lumber every day. A house built of this material, it is asserted, will be cool in summer, and warm in winter, and largely sound-proof. The lumber comes out of the mill in boards twelve feet wide and of indefinite length which can be cut to meet any needs, thus saving much labor. As long as cane sugar is consumed there will be plenty of raw material to go into this lumber. If cornstalks could be employed in the same way, a thing that does not seem impossible, the country need not be concerned over any possible timber famine.

This might be good news to the people who have need of building material, if they could be assured that it would tend to make a bit of competition in lumber and thus tend to get the price down where one could afford to shelter himself. Just now the chief public interest in the item may be whether or not the lumber trust or the sugar trust is to control and fix the price on this commodity. We fear they will not wage any price war for public favor. If the tariff does not properly protect this infant, it will be the duty of the next congress to see to it that our lumber interests are protected from this infant industry in swaddling clothes.

Henry Ford still for peace, but has given up the good-will approach thither. The way to keep the peace, he tells a recent interviewer, is by making the United States so immeasurably powerful in destructive agencies such as the high explosives which he would turn out at Muscle Shoals that no nation would dare fight us. There goes the last of the Henry Fordy whom fairly sensible idealists were wanting a year ago for president. This idea of peace making tallies with that of every super-autocrat who ever sat at the head of a great nation. That was the Roman pax—world so securely under Roman heel that it could not fight. Alexander the Great, Napoleon Bonaparte and Kaiser Wilhelm all had the same noble notion of building us such power for themselves that the world would cower under them in peace. If Mr. Ford hadn't been so sure that history is all "bunk," he might have known how this idea of his has always worked out in practice.—State Journal.

WAYNE AND RANDOLPH GIRLS ARE INJURED  
West Point, Nebraska, July 28.—Miss Anna Oelschlager, of Wayne sustained a broken collar bone and Miss Ida Chrisman, of Randolph, was severely cut and bruised when the car in which they were riding overturned on Pender road near here.

PASS THE SALT  
(F. P. A. in the New York World.)  
The oratorical habit is not to be shaken off. One imagines the home life of an orator. "Will you please pass the cellar, blown from glass in one of the great and pulsing factories in the glorious Buckeye state, Ohio, and containing as it does, that chemical compound made of sodium and chlorine, those beautiful elements, a compound without which the very starves of life are tasteless—I refer, mamma, to the salt!"

WITH THE WAYNE CHURCHES

Baptist Church  
Francis K. Allen, Minister  
Sunday school at 10 a. m.  
No morning service. The pastor and family will be at Epworth Park Assembly during the first ten days of August. Later they will visit at different points of interest in the state.  
The young people will hold their meeting on Sunday evening at 7 o'clock.  
The women's missionary society will meet Thursday afternoon at the home of Mrs. William Watson.

Trinity Lutheran Church (Winside)  
Rev. H. A. Teckhaus, Pastor.  
(Mission-Festival)  
Sunday school, 10 a. m.  
The morning service will begin at 11 a. m. The Rev. Otto Klatt of Ponca, Nebraska will preach to us.  
The afternoon service will commence at 2:30 p. m. Rev. Wm. Koester of Emerson, and Rev. Otto Klatt will deliver the sermons in English and German.  
Special offerings from Mission will be taken.  
You are heartily invited

Methodist Episcopal Church  
Rev. John Grant Shick, pastor  
Sunday school at 10 a. m., Conrad Jacobson, superintendent.  
Owing to the absence of the pastor next Sunday there will be no service at our church except the session of the Sunday school at ten o'clock. There will be no mid-week meeting till further notice.

Evangelical Lutheran Church.  
Rev. H. A. Teckhaus, Pastor  
Sunday school 10:00 a. m.  
No preaching service.  
The Ladies Aid Society will meet at the Parsonage. Mrs. H. A. Teckhaus, hostess, August 7th.

IS BRYAN RIGHT?  
READ AND JUDGE

Our governor has balked at going the full way asked and nearly commanded by the military loving people, and it is creating quite a controversy, and it is creating quite a controversy, and it is creating quite a controversy, and it is creating quite a controversy. Below we give a statement sent to the press by Governor Bryan. It seems to us that he has kept within his rights, and when you read you may have a clear view of the question:  
"President Coolidge has written a letter in which he says mobilization has been misinterpreted by peace societies. I have General Duncan's plans before me. His plans seem to plainly point to the participation of civic forces in the exercises of the day and making is a general holiday.  
"Such a plan would seriously interfere with the work of farmers, those employed in shops, at the desk and counters, meaning an economic waste and giving a wrong impression and alarming other nations. It amounts to a draft upon all civilians, and I told General Duncan and Adjutant General Paul of the Nebraska national guard, it would be so repulsive to farmers and workers that I could not issue an order of recommendation to that effect, and if I did they would rebel against it.  
Guard To Assemble.  
"I will order the national guard to assemble and do all that is required of them by the military officers, and will appoint state wide committees to urge patriotic societies to hold patriotic services, as contemplated by the war department plans.  
"General Duncan told me this country had lost many men during the World war by not being prepared. I told him we had served several wars by not being prepared to fight.  
"To carry out the plans as proposed with civic societies, high school children and people generally in street parades, would, in my opinion, impress upon the people the importance of war when there is no war in sight, and impress children with the idea that disputes must be settled by war instead of by other means. It would lead foreign countries to believe this country is preparing for war and keep the military spirit rampant when we all want peace.  
"General Duncan said the program, outlined by him, is contemplated by the national defense act. I find nothing of that kind required in that act."

COMMISSIONERS PROCEEDINGS  
Wayne, Nebraska, July 28, 1924.  
Board met as per adjournment. All members present.  
Minutes of meeting held July 15th, 1924, read and approved.  
Board proceeded to an examination of the County Treasurer's books. No business completed.  
Whereupon Board adjourned to July 29th, 1924.  
CHAS. W. REYNOLDS, Clerk.  
Wayne, Nebraska, July 29, 1924.  
Board met as per adjournment. All members present.  
No business completed.  
Whereupon Board adjourned to July 30th, 1924.  
CHAS. W. REYNOLDS, Clerk.

NORTHWEST OF WAYNE

Central Social Circle meets this Thursday, July 31, with Mrs. John Grier with Mrs. Ben Fleming as social leader. Roll call will be each one's original poem.  
Fritz Wendth of Burke, South Dakota, was here visiting his parents Mr. and Mrs. Gus Wendth, and several relatives and friends from Friday till Monday.  
Mrs. John Heeren and Mrs. L. E. Morris were Wednesday callers on Mrs. Ray Perdue.  
Mr. and Mrs. John Paulsen and family were Sunday evening guests of Mr. and Mrs. Will Kieper.  
Mr. and Mrs. Roscoe Jones had as dinner guests Sunday, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Morgan.  
Roy Klopping and family of Carroll were Sunday callers at home of his brother Bryan Klopping and family.  
Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Fox of Randolph were Sunday guest of her parents Mr. and Mrs. Ben Fleming.  
About twenty neighbors and friends went to the "Bob" Schildner home Friday evening with well filled baskets for a little surprise before Mr. and Mrs. Schildner leaves for Erie, Colorado.  
Miss Elsie Wieble of Winside is spending this week with her Auntie Mrs. Will Back.  
Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Bush had as their Sunday dinner guests Mr. and Mrs. Gus Newman, Mr. and Mrs. J. Grimley, Mr. and Mrs. Ray Perdue and Allen.

MRS. CHAS. MAAS  
Mrs. Chas. Maas was born on October 16, 1863, and died on Tuesday July 24, 1924 at her home in Norfolk. She was 61 years, 2 months and 22 days old at the time of her death. Minnie Maas was born in August, Germany and came to Wayne county with her parents. In 1882, she was united in marriage to Mr. Chas. Maas and made their home five miles north of Hoskins. She leaves to mourn her death, her husband, and five boys and four girls.  
Funeral services were held at the M. E. church at Norfolk, on Sunday July 27, Rev. Noernberg officiating. Burial was made at the cemetery east of Hoskins.—Hoskins Headlight.

Fortner wants your eggs.—adv.

FLORENCE TANK WATER HEATER  
BURNS KEROSENE

Hot Water in Your Home  
for two cents an hour  
The blessing of hot water may now be enjoyed in thousands of homes where there is no gas and where the cost or discomfort of coal fires is undesirable.  
Thanks to the Florence Tank Water Heater, which burns inexpensive kerosene, you can now have an abundance of hot water for the baby, for the children, for dishes, for washing, for shaving, for bathing and for every household use.  
Any home that has a boiler and the necessary plumbing can use the Florence Tank Water Heater. Wherever your hot water tank is located, a plumber can attach the Florence easily and quickly.  
It burns kerosene, and the fuel cost is only two cents an hour. It is simple to operate. All you need do is turn the regulator and touch a match to the burners.  
The Florence Heaters are made on the same principle as the famous Florence Oil Range. They have the same wickless burners which vaporize the kerosene and deliver an intensely hot oil-gas flame close up to the coils.

—SOLD B—  
O. S. Roberts  
Phone 140w  
Wayne, Nebraska

The standard of preparation for teaching in Nebraska, as set up by the teachers' associations is four years of high school and two years of professional training in normal school or college. According to the report by the research committee of the woman's educational club, 48 per cent of all the teachers of the state are below this standard. In the rural schools only 93 per cent meet this test. In other respects, the report indicates, Nebraska is not all that it might be in educational efficiency. Nebraska is seventeenth in wealth among the states and eighteenth in its expenditures for education. The average salary of all teachers in the United States is or at last reports was \$97 a month. In Nebraska the average was \$85. The teacher overturn is too great, also. Teaching tenure is less secure than it should be. The report is on the whole discouraging until we remember to compare the existing facts not only with the ideal standard set up by educators but with actual conditions as they have been in the past. Surely, Nebraska is making gains, however slowly in the efficiency of its education.  
Fortner wants your Cream, Poultry, and Eggs.

Newspaper Advertising

The Powerful Hand That "Pushes" Buyers Into Your Store!



Most every person is a "born bargain hunter." We all are quick to pick up what we know is a "good buy" and something we need. Whether blessed with riches or not, we're ever alert to the opportunity of making our dollars go farthest.

So, Mr. Merchant, if you have "bargains" that will interest the general public the surest way of bringing "eager buyers" into your store is to Advertise your offerings is the

The Democrat

Leave it to us to pack your ad with all the "pep" and "punch" your sale merits. We carry the celebrated Bonnet-Brown Sales Service of high class illustrations and a copy for your exclusive use. Come in and ask about it. Or-Phone 145.

FOR SALE  
1924 FORD COUPE  
Like new. Full balloon equipped. PRICED RIGHT.  
Inquire at this office or N. J. Harvey, Wayne, Neb.

# LOANS

<p><b>Farm</b></p> <p>\$200,000 to loan on improved farms.</p> <p><b>5%</b></p> <p>5-7-10 years</p> <p>Optional</p>	<p><b>City</b></p> <p>\$100,000 to loan on improved city property.</p> <p><b>7%</b></p> <p>3 years</p> <p>Optional</p>
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**If You Need a Real Estate Loan  
Make it Now While Rates are Low.  
No Red Tape in Closing Loans**

## State Bank of Wayne

Resources Over One Million Dollars

Henry Ley, Pres. Rollie W. Ley, Cash.  
C. A. Chace, Vice Pres. Herman Lundberg, Asst. Cash.

### LOCAL AND PERSONAL

Fortner wants your poultry, cream and eggs.—adv.

James McClure of Magnet was in Wayne Tuesday visiting his brother Hay McClure.

FOR RENT—6 room house across street from school house. Enquire of E. A. Surber.—adv.

C. E. Miller, who was visiting with his son Jim Miller at Chicago, returned home Sunday.

Miss Doris Wickman is home from a vacation trip in which she visited Omaha and other places, and spent part of the time with home folks at Pender.

Mrs. Howard Whalen and daughter Ethel, left Tuesday by auto for Fremont where they will visit relatives, and from there they will visit at Omaha.

Geo Cullen of Blair was thru Wayne Tuesday morning, coming from a visit up the branch. He is employed in one of the print shops there.

L. A. Fanske and family were visitors at Pierce Sunday, spending the day there with his brother and sister Mrs. E. B. Fanske and daughter Miss Jewell.

Arthur Snyder of the Wayne Grocery Meat market has been at Omaha where he was called to serve on jury. He hoped to be excused so as to return to his business here.

Mrs. Conrad Jacobson and infant son who has been at Norfolk for about two weeks returned home Wednesday afternoon. She was accompanied by her husband.

Miss Dorothy Barnard departed Tuesday morning for Des Moines, Iowa, where she will visit until September. She will return to Randolph where she will teach school.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Wachter from Herman, Henry Petersen of Nickerson and Milton Carlberg from Arlington were Sunday visitors at the home of C. C. Petersen and wife.

Marcus Kroger returned the first of the week from Bridgeport, and says that crop prospects are fine, and that western Nebraska would almost make the Garden of Eden turn green with envy.

Valdemar Peterson of Wayne is in this vicinity these days, being employed with a bridge gang working near here. He is quite a tennis enthusiast and has been working out with the boys on the local courts. He says that tennis is coming back in great shape at Wayne, where the golf fever rather eclipsed the racquet game for a number of years.—Bloomfield Monitor.

Fortner wants your eggs.—adv.  
The Dixon County Old Settler's picnic is to be held at Allen August 7 and 8.

Misses Helen and Muriel Benson of Randolph were Wayne visitors between trains Wednesday.

Miss Maggie Davis of Carroll was a Wayne visitor between trains Tuesday morning.

Floral Hall, on the Cedar County Fair grounds, is to be remodeled to serve as a clubhouse for the Hartington Country club.

Rev. Fenton C. Jones, and Rev. John Grant Shick, departed Monday afternoon for Rochester, where they will consult the doctors.

Bon Moran, Ted Mildner and Owen Brainard left Friday for Fort Snelling, Minnesota, where they will spend August in the training camp.

Get your boy or girl a nice violin, also the latest sheet music, accordions, saxophones, ukeleles, banjos, mandolins and guitars at Bohnert's.—adv.

Miss Lydia Behmer of Hoskins was a visitor at the Henry Frevert home last week. Her sister Marian spent the week at the Fred Frevert home.

Herbert Lutt was taken to Sioux City Friday for an operation, and is said to be improving, after having a hard time rallying from the effect of the trip to the city and the delay necessary in getting there.

Mr. and Mrs. Cliff Penn departed Wednesday morning for Inman, where they will visit her father and from there they will go to Scottsbluff, to visit her sister. They expect to be absent about three weeks.

Mrs. Paul Armstrong of Hemingford, who spent a couple of days visiting with her sister Miss Lyle Clayton nurse at the hospital, departed Wednesday morning for Wisner, where she will visit other relatives.

J. C. Nuss and family left the first of the week for a vacation outing, going by auto to Okoboji lake, in Iowa, and possibly from there they may take in some side trips. Isabelle Adams accompanied them for the pleasure trip.

Fifteen hundred Cedar county boosters are planning to visit Yankton August 5 on one of the several trips which will advertise the 31st annual Cedar County Fair. The commercial clubs of all towns in the county will take part.

Blair Davis sustained minor injuries Sunday evening when the motorcycle which he was riding struck a rut on the road north of town. He was thrown quite a distance and was badly scratched and bruised but expects to be in shape to leave tomorrow for training camp at Des Moines.

Misses Sewell, Sumner and Cross returned Sunday from an outing in the Black Hills country in which they had a really jolly time, saw much of the scenery and places of interest, including mines, stamp mills and the like, as well as many of nature's beauty spots and unusual sights of hill, valley and caves. They took it all in. Mrs. Horsham, who had been spending some time there returned with them. Mrs. Wright and her daughter, Mrs. Smith are still there.

Chet Hunter was out from Sioux City the last of the week to visit his brother Lon Hunter, who is known to some of the old-timers as "Slough Grass," but we do not know why the rick-name, unless it was because he was here when this was all a slough-grass land; because it was pretty thickly settled when the Hunters came to Wayne county. The visitor called at the Democrat office for a short time. He said he liked to come this way now and then and go over the old hills and bottoms where he used to herd coyote back in the '70s. He has a warm winter job in the city, and as part of his work is firing a heating plant he can get a vacation in this kind of weather to visit the scenes of his younger days.

John L. Barnard came out from Des Moines, Iowa, the last of the week, where he is employed, to accompany the wife and children, who are going to join him there this week. He was coming in a car, and had trouble near Emerson, so made the last run by train, and waited for the car repairs to come so that the car could take them all home. Mr. B. tells us that he has been working in the Lessman Loader factory, and that they are establishing a very fine business because the Lessman loaders are practical and may be used in so many ways to advantage. They may be used not only to load manure as he first talked, but for sand and gravel, or for filling ditches or possibly digging shallow wide ditches. They are sending out car lot orders, some going to Canada already. Mr. Lessman has a host of friends here who will be glad to know that he has his invention receiving such general recognition, and that it is selling so readily on its merits. It is a big undertaking to introduce a new implement over the country. It is like rolling a snowball when the snow is not very soft. It is slow building at first, but as it builds, it increases much faster than when small.

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E. R. Young was a passenger to Emerson this morning, going there for the day.

J. H. Massie is vacating the Coleman house and will move into the Proyer house.

Misses Nelle, Grace, and Helen Steele went to Sioux City this morning and spent the day.

Mrs. Winifred Main and daughter Miss Winifred went to Sioux City this morning and spent the day.

John H. Barnard and family leave today by auto for Des Moines, Iowa, where they will make their home.

Mr. and Mrs. C. O. Mitchel and daughter spent Sunday in Niobrara the guest of Mrs. Mitchel's sister Miss Ada Cash.

LeRoy Ehlers returned Saturday from Scribner, Nebraska, where he spent his vacation at the home of his parents.

When Robert Henkle returned from his vacation trip west, he was accompanied by his brother's wife, Mrs. F. Henkle, who is visiting here.

Mrs. J. M. Cherry daughter Frances, Mrs. Henry Ley, and Miss Alice Crockett, went to Crystal lake this morning where they will stay until Sunday.

Mrs. Emma Hayes, of Oakdale, who was here visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Ed Sala, departed this morning for Craig where she will visit relatives.

Mrs. Gillett and son from Harlan, Iowa, spent last night at the home of their old neighbor, Mrs. Dayton, while on their way to visit a daughter at Randolph.

John Gettman from Carroll was at Sioux City Wednesday with a car of hogs of his raising. He had hoped to get in before the drop in price came, but was not quite under the wire. \$9.50 was what he received.

Miss Lela Mitchell and Miss Bessie Bacon were passengers to Sioux City Saturday to shop. From the city they went to Newcastle and Sunday to Homeward Park for picnic dinner with friends and drove home Sunday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. John Davis, of Tular, South Dakota, who were visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Evan Jones, at Carroll returned home Monday. They had little Blanche Long with them, a granddaughter to Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Kopp.

George Morris, who was attending the Normal and working at the Gem Cafe, departed Monday for his home at Albion, where he will visit with home a few days, and from there he will go to camp at Des Moines, Iowa, for a month. He will return to Wayne.

Mrs. J. P. Mead and Miss Reba Eearn, who spent two months' visiting at the home of the former's daughter Mrs. W. A. Ramsey departed Wednesday morning for there home at Pierson, Iowa, Mrs. Ramsey and baby accompanied them and will spend a short time visiting at that place.

Miss Aradeth Conn, who has been far from well for several months; went to Rochester, and while there became seriously ill, and had to submit to an operation for appendicitis. Her mother went from here to be with her, and while she was quite seriously ill, late reports are to the effect that she is improving now.

John Wilbur was over from Ponca the first of the week visiting relatives and friends, and trying to remember how this vicinity looked when he came before any of the houses now here or any of the trees now growing here were built or planted. He saw this land before anything more imposing than a sod house relieved the monotony of the vast rolling prairie.

At Neligh the oil fever seems to be becoming more intense. An enthusiastic meeting held there last week the original thirty who organized to bore for oil voted not to be so exclusive, and voted to let who will come in, on the theory no doubt, that if they find the oil there will be plenty for all. Then of course, it is going to take some money for a while, and so why bar anybody's money. Permanent officers were selected, and it is the plan to have a drill at work almost immediately. Some Plainview people are also taking stock.

Wendell Nies and wife of Floodwood, Minnesota, who have been out for several weeks on a motor trip which extended as far west as the home of his father at Ekalaka, Montana, and took them into seven states, spent Wednesday here, guests of his aunt, Mrs. Emma Baker. As a boy he knew all of the Wayne people up to about twenty years ago. He graduated from the Normal school here when it was in charge of President Pills, and is now superintendent of the school of his home town, a place where they have a low tax and plenty of revenue for school needs, as the school fund of Minnesota is in part raised from a tax upon the great mines of the state. He spent a busy day here visiting former friends, of whom he had many. He noted many changes in Wayne, and especially on the college hill.

Phone 5 **Orr & Orr** Phone 5-

Grocers

## California Peaches For Canning

This Week

First car of California peaches on this market this week.  
PRICED RIGHT. QUALITY RIGHT.

Mason Jar Tops  
25c Doz.

3 Doz.  
Heavy Jar Rings  
25c

Fancy Drain  
Cookies  
20c lb.

4-lb. Caddie  
Fancy Cookies  
95c

Fancy Green Tea  
85c 1/2-lb. pk.

Good Bulk Coffee  
3-lbs \$1.00

—Have you tried coming to this store and selecting the things you want for your Sunday dinner?

—If you haven't you have a treat in store for you.

—Even the jaded hot weather appetite will be stimulated by the CRISP, FRESH VEGETABLES and FRUITS.

—The nice part of it all is you can't buy food cheaper anywhere than at this store.

NO CHARGE FOR DELIVERY

Master Raymond Sala returned Wednesday evening from a visit at Craig.

Miss Lynette Rennick returned the last of last week from a visit in the southern part of the state.

Mrs. A. P. Gossard departed this morning for Lincoln where she will attend the Epworth Assembly, and visit friends.

W. A. Hiscox and wife came home the first of the week from a vacation trip to McCook, and a few side trips from there.

Morgan's Toggery is being dressed up in a new coat of paint. Makes it look in keeping with the goods sold from that place.

Mr. and Mrs. Ben Ahlvers and son, Mr. and Mrs. Wilber Hall and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Sorenson, spent Sunday at the Elkhorn.

Get that Columbia record "June Night" by Ted Lewis, and "It Ain't to Rain No Mo." a beautiful song, while they last at Bohnert's.—adv.

C. C. Charles has made a deal for the Herald at Pilger, and is to take possession August 1st. He is an energetic newspaper man, and will make the Herald a live paper, we predict.

W. E. Beaman, who is alighting over the peaks and passes in Colorado, sends word back that he is enjoying wonderful scenery, and the trip as a whole. The card we saw was sent sliding down from a point near the summit of the great backbone of the continent.

A. B. Clark, who has been in California for two or three months, came to Wayne this week to look after business matters here. Speaking of conditions in southern California, he expressed the opinion that there is work there for those who are really looking for work. Said that the building of residences had materially slowed down, but that the work on big building contracts was going forward the same as ever. Of course, he admitted that conditions there were not what they were some months or a year ago, but he seemed to think that the most unfavorable reports traveled the faster and farther.

FOR SALE  
10-20 Titan Tractor \$225.00.  
Phone 308 MEYER & BICHEL.

### UNITED STATES COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF NEBRASKA, NORFOLK DIVISION.

In the Matter of Eddie Welander, Bankrupt, Case No. 413. In Bankruptcy.

Voluntary Petition. On this 30th day of July, A. D. 1924, on filing and reading the petition of the above named bankrupt for his discharge herein, it is

ORDERED, that the 1st day of September, A. D. 1924 be and the same is hereby fixed as the date on or before which all creditors of, and all other persons interested in said estate and in the matter of the discharge in bankruptcy of the said bankrupt shall, if they desire to oppose the same, file in my said office in Norfolk, Nebraska, in said district, their appearance, in writing, in opposition to the granting of said discharge, and also, within ten days hereafter, file in my said office specifications of the grounds of aid opposition.

WITNESS my hand thereto, at my office in Norfolk, Nebraska, the day and date herein first above written.  
H. F. BARNHART,  
Referee in Bankruptcy.

### UNITED STATES COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF NEBRASKA, NORFOLK DIVISION.

In the Matter of Eli N. Lahan, Bankrupt, Case No. 423. In Bankruptcy.

Voluntary Petition. On this 26th day of July, A. D. 1924, on filing and reading the petition of the above named bankrupt for his discharge herein, it is

ORDERED, that the 1st day of September, A. D. 1924 he and the same is hereby fixed as the date on or before which all creditors of, and all other persons interested in said estate and in the matter of the discharge in bankruptcy of the said bankrupt shall, if they desire to oppose the same, file in my said office in Norfolk, Nebraska, in said district, their appearance, in writing, in opposition to the granting of said discharge, and also, within ten days hereafter, file in my said office specifications of the grounds of said opposition.

WITNESS my hand thereto, at my office in Norfolk, Nebraska, the day and date herein first above written.  
H. F. BARNHART,  
Referee in Bankruptcy.

## Elberta Freestone Peaches

Carload on Track \$1.35

Foley's extra heavy pack. Every peach in perfect condition.

Best canning peaches and the price no doubt the lowest. Carload service on this item is to your advantage.

## Carload Missouri Watermelons

To Arrive Friday or Saturday

Fresh, large, thin skinned melons at 3c per pound enables you to buy melons at prices equal to wholesale at jobbing points.

## BASKET STORE

## Look Before You Buy

?

Sooner or later you will want an Electric Sweeper.

What Kind?

A few demonstrations in your home will convince you that the

## Regina

is the one you want. Phone your dates to 284. Our representative H. C. Jansen, will visit you.

### OWE OBLIGATION

#### TO COMMONWEALTH

##### Backbone of Community Service Found in Support Merchants Give to Residents

(Pender Times)  
What do you owe your home town? Whatever the bill is, none will be presented to you for payment. The debt is an intangible one, no matter how large it is. If you do not realize the size of it, nobody will try to tell you. You know what the town has done for you, and you know better than anybody else what you ought to do for the town.

Two questions may serve to bring the issue home to you.

When your wife and children were critically ill was it the doctor from the city who pulled them through?

You didn't even think of calling him. Your first thought was of the home town doctor, and he saved the lives of your dear ones.

#### Credit is Extended

When you lost your job, who gave you credit and tided you over the winter?

It certainly wasn't the store in the city that advertises "bargains" for the country shopper. The merchant on "Front Street" or "Main Street" stood by you then, as he has for time when the emergency arises.

If these things have not happened to you, they have happened to your neighbor and you know about them. Mere money cannot pay for disinterested service such as the doctor and the merchant render under the cited with the idea of weakening a feeling of obligation toward those individuals who render us signal service on extraordinary occasions. They are brought up rather with the view to making every man, woman and child realize his partnership in the community and his responsibility in that partnership which means so much to him.

#### Render Community Service

The doctor and the merchant are not the only men toward whom others in the community owe this obligation to maintain the community as a self-sustaining entity. They are simply given as examples of how the proposition works out concretely.

They are among the leaders who have consecrated to the service of the town in which they live, and all for the well-being of it people and their future as a community. On the basis of the law of compensation alone they ought to receive some form pay for their effort, because even the Bible conceals that the worker is always worthy of his hire.

The cure effected by the doctor and the credit extended by the merchant are two specific instances of benefits coming to the resident of the small town. These are not all the benefits, for their number is legion. In good times as well as hard times they come, because they are not restricted by the season of the year or limited to periods of necessity. Like "the gentle rain from heaven" about which Portia speaks so benignly in her famous courtroom speech to Shylock in "The Merchant of Venice," Shakespeare's masterpiece, these benefits fall upon "just" and "unjust" alike. Nobody is shut out from their enjoyment.

#### Helping Boys and Girls

For instance, there are the schools. Everybody pays toward their support in proportion to his ability to pay. They are open to all the children, and by their precept and example they are helping your boys and girls to their place "in the sun." Schools bring to the younger a bigger share of life, and set before them the high ideals of our democracy. They show the plain rail-splitter the road to the president's chair.

The church is another institution that makes community life pleasant for every member of the family. It

stands for a better community all around. As the word is used here it refers to all creeds, and is in no sense to be considered in its sectarian or denominational significance. Pastors are leaders in all good causes and they rally their congregation to civic wholesomeness in the life of the community.

#### Happy and Content

Happiness and contentment bring about also a rich social life. You get together with your neighbors in moments of relaxation from your day's toil and enjoy intercourse with them. Clubs and organizations unite you in bonds that hold you together for one purpose or another.

A score of other things might be mentioned but space forbids. For instance, there is the library with its rich storehouse of the best in the world's literature. Also, there are the material things that minister to the comfort and well-being of the people. Among them are sidewalks, corner lights, police protection and a fire department, electric lighting for the home, gas to make kitchen work easier, water, sewer and similar improvements and conveniences.

The stronger the community spirit the more of these there are. The taxes you pay settles the bills for the things already acquired, the weight of your cooperation with the progressive leaders assure others in the future. Be a home-town man all along the line—patronize hometown merchants exclusively.

#### LOVE AND LURE

##### (The Passing Show)

The man and the girl loved one another very dearly. But, alas! though rich in love and good looks, they were poor in the currency demanded by the butcher, the baker and the candlestick combine.

So the man said, "Beloved I love you too much to ask you to share a life of penury. I will away to a distant colony, where I will work hard and acquire much wealth. Then I will return and we will be married and live happy ever after."

So the man departed. Now, the girl was of a practical nature, and she said to herself: "I, too, will endeavor to make some money."

So she considered what money-making pursuit she might follow, and she determined to start a correspondence college for women.

She advertised largely in the press, assuring her sisters that she could teach them "How to Be Beautiful," "The Art of Fascinating Men," "How to Win and Keep a Husband" and many other subtleties.

And before long she realized that she was a success, and that her wealth was very considerable.

Accordingly she wrote to her man: "Come home, I have more than enough for both of us."

But he came not. For among the pupils of the correspondence college had been one living in that distant colony whither he had gone. She had found the courses of very great merit—for she had learned how to be beautiful, she had fascinated the girl's man, she had won him and there is no reason to suppose that she has not also learned how to keep him.

#### YOU KNOW HOW IT IS

While the editor rides in his Ford of uncertain age his employees are able to ride in much more elaborate and impressive cars. They all seem to possess cars of some sort in abundance and drive through the streets with such abandon that Henry Alschuler and the editor have to flee like a woods fire to the protecting timber on the south Madison Park area. Step on the gas, swagger and puff their Havannas and Kamp Bells, their limousines go speeding every day through the busy avenue and always ready for a race. At times when the editor is unable to buy gas for his Ford is enacted the old poem as the editor takes the dirt:

"The rich they ride in chariots,  
The poor they walk by blazes."

This truth became more impressive this week when Al Wolf appeared wearing a new Chevrolet touring car so shiny that all the flappers stop him to use it for a mirror to see to powder their noses.

#### MISSOURIAN'S IDEA OF FUN

##### (De Kalb County Herald.)

John Strong was in town Monday. John is getting to be an old-time citizen here. He was born within a mile and a half of Mayville and was 70 years of age the 12th of March.

John says that in all his life he never took a hook and line and went fishing, never took a seine and went seining, and never took a gun and went hunting. Some fellow spoke up and said: "Well, how did you ever have any fun?"

John replied that he had his run "sittin' and smokin'."

#### BODY OF PAUL TRACY HOME

Sunday afternoon the body of Paul Tracy, who died at Edgemont, South Dakota, of pneumonia, was met at the station here by relatives from Laurel and taken to Cedar county for burial. He formerly lived at Hartington, age was 24 years.

### MIDSTREAM

(State Journal)

The republicans of Iowa, a considerable majority of them, wanted Smith Brookhart to stay in the United States senate. They so voted and by the only party authority there is, Brookhart is the republican candidate.

The republicans of the nation wanted Coolidge to stay in the presidency. They nominated him in national convention, the only existing party authority in such matters.

It happens that Senator Brookhart has been in disagreement with President Coolidge in many fundamental matters. He has talked and voted as he chose, not as the president chose. The convention which nominated the president was hostile to such senators as Brookhart and showed a wish to evict them from the party.

But Brookhart is beholden only to the voters of his party in Iowa, and they gave Brookhart their endorsement. In Iowa, Senator Brookhart is a republican by perfect title. In the national convention it is otherwise. The national convention does not support Brookhart. Must Brookhart support the national convention? Such is the outline of the situation in Iowa. Similar situations exist in Nebraska, Michigan and the Dakotas. Untangle the knot if you can.

There is no unangling it. On the one side is the right of the voters of the state to nominate whom they please as the party candidate for senator. On the other is the long standing expectation that the nominee on the state ticket must support. We get this deadlock as a result of party realignments now getting under way. There is no logical solution. The situation will merely have to wear itself out.

Senator Brookhart's decision is to run for the senate on the issues which he chooses to make and let the presidency in Iowa take care of itself as far as he is concerned. This is evidently the intention of Senator Couzens of Michigan, also. Norbeck, South Dakota insurgent, will be nominally for the national ticket. Ladd, North Dakota insurgent, is out for LaFollette, as is also Wheeler of Montana, democratic insurgent. None of these gives up his nomination. They assert merely the right to remain the nominees the voters of the old party in their states have chosen to make them, claiming meanwhile a right of independent choice on the national ticket. It is a chaotic, a confusing situation, which is what one must expect when in process of swapping political horses in midstream.

#### WALSH'S WORK

##### (Lincoln Star)

The grave, silent man who presides over the democratic national convention as permanent chairman has given the followers of Thomas Jefferson their most effective weapon in the coming campaign.

Two days ago a grand jury returned indictments against Albert B. Fall, former secretary of the interior, Harry Sinclair and E. L. Dohany. Those indictments are the result of many months of arduous work on the part of United States Senator Thomas J. Walsh of Montana, who headed the senatorial committee appointed to investigate the leasing of the naval oil reserves by ex-Secretary Fall to Dohany and Sinclair. It was not a pleasant task which Senator Walsh performed. He encountered opposition from the start.

Months before the Teapot Dome inquiry started at Washington, the nation's capitol was swirling with rumors. As presiding officer of the senate, President Coolidge, then serving as vice-president, must have heard some of these reports. Members of congress knew of them. Dozens of other people had heard them. Still nothing was done to prove or disprove them. Then it was that Senator Bob LaFollette proposed the inquiry into the leasing of the naval oil reserves and Walsh, not LaFollette, was chosen to head the committee. A more fortunate choice could not have been made. A skillful lawyer, a devoted public servant, a seeker for the truth—Walsh and his committee started their labors. The evidence which the committee secured after many months is a matter of recent knowledge. That evidence provided the framework for the showing made before the grand jury.

#### MISSED

##### (Bagolby.)

It was the eleventh of November, and a dark down south was asked if he knew what was being celebrated that day.

"Suttinly, suh," he replied, "Mistus day, suh."

Armistice day, Sam, he was corrected.

"No, suh—Mistus day, suh. You see we was ordered tuh go over the top dat mornin', when along comes de news dat de war was over; so de Germans done mistus, suh; dey done mistus."

#### FOR ECONOMICAL

TRANSPORTATION

Nothing compares with Chevrolet, the lowest-priced quality Automobile. See W. C. Andrews, Wayne, Phone 317—adv.

Investigations were taking and reminded congress that in the scope of congressional inquiry, the work of the executive department was being seriously handicapped. In fact it was the senatorial investigations which apparently led to the initial differences between Mr. Coolidge and congress.

Then occurred the most astounding development of the entire investigation. The republican leaders determined to "bluff" it through. They recognized the unpopularity of congress, and they saw an opportunity to discredit the work which Senator Walsh and his associates had done. Throughout the entire country an outcry was raised against the continuance of congressional inquiries. Business was being seriously hurt, it was said. Not a single scintilla of evidence had been brought out to substantiate the charge of an improper, an illegal act. And, the amazing part of it all was that a large part of the people of this country believed it. Congress came in for its panning. The committee headed by Walsh brought sneers and jibs. In every community could be found men of high standing and character, men who gave thoughtful attention to the problems of government, who were outspoken in their criticism of congress and who questioned the propriety of the whole proceeding.

Now the newly appointed attorney general under President Coolidge, appearing before the grand jury, has secured indictments against Fall, Doheny and Sinclair. Those indictments, of course, are not conclusive in any way. It will remain for a jury of American men and women, in a court of the United States, to pass upon the question of guilt or innocence of the indicted parties.

But the indictments are a complete vindication of the course pursued by Senator Walsh and his colleagues.

A republican national convention, meeting in Cleveland a few days ago, remained silent on this great issue which confronts the American people. While the grand jury was hearing the evidence upon which the true bills were returned, its leaders drafted a platform plank presumably touching upon the revelations in the Walsh investigation. That plank was composed of meaningless platitudes. Now what will the republican leaders say of the oil investigations?

Teapot Dome will not be laughed away.

Walsh and his committee performed their work too well.

#### FAR-FAMED GOOSE LAKE

Northwestern Nebraska is to have a large new wild game and fish preserve, unless plans now under way are changed. Holt county is to supply the needed lake and the state is to pay for it. The cost will be 30 dollars an acre. The plan is favored by State Game Warden Koster, members of the Izaak Walton club of northern Nebraska, and sportsman in general of the state. The place is known as Goose lake, long famous for fishing and wild fowl, which breed there unmolested.

Goose lake lies about fifteen miles north of Bartlett, twenty-five miles west of Neligh, and twenty-five miles south of O'Neil. The location is deemed an excellent one for the care and breeding of both fish and wild fowl. It is in a locality where a radius of about thirty or forty miles are Swan lake, Grass lake, Cottonwood and others, each a paradise for hunters when the wild duck crop is up the average.

This idea of having a great wild fowl and fish preserve in northwestern Nebraska has its merits. The present owner offers, if the state buys the lake, to donate to the state, for camping purposes, a strip around the lake 150 feet wide. Included in the lake property, at 30 dollars an acre, are forty acres of trees that it has taken years to grow. The expense is slight, considering the benefits to be derived from the establishment of the preserve. The matter is to come before Governor Bryan for consideration in the near future.—World-Herald.

#### NOTICE OF SETTLEMENT OF ACCOUNT

In the County Court of Wayne County, Nebraska.

The State of Nebraska, Wayne county, ss.

To all persons interested in the estate of H. W. Davis, deceased:

On reading the petition of Anna L. Davis, Executrix, praying a final settlement and allowance of her account filed in this Court on the 12th day of July 1924, and for distribution of the residue of said estate, it is hereby ordered that you and all persons interested in said matter may, and do appear at the County Court to be held in and for said county, on the 1st day of August, A. D. 1924, at 10 o'clock A. M., to show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted, and that notice of the pendency of said petition and the hearing thereof be given to all persons interested in said matter by publishing a copy of this order in the Nebraska Democrat, a weekly newspaper printed in said county, three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing.

(Seal) J. M. CHERRY,

County Judge.

The Democrat—only \$1.50. All the home news, all the time. And we put out job work that pleases.

### HOW ABOUT IT? LET

THE FARMERS SAY

Washington, July 27.—Dream stuff—that's what government specialists here say about glowing accounts of fortunes made by wheat farmers during the past 30 days.

What the high prices of wheat and corn mean to the farmer, as department of agriculture specialists here see the situation, is a chance for some of the grain farmers to get out of debt—merely that and little more. Talk of a billion-dollar profit on the two crops is ridiculed. They have been busy with the wires over at the department lately and busier still with pad and pencil, trying to figure out what the sudden rise in grain prices mean to the farmer. Here is what they get:

The wheat farmer will receive from \$100,000,000 to \$200,000,000 more for their crop this year than they received last. That is dependent; however, on the price remaining at present levels or going slightly higher.

The farmers raising corn at the present time are engaged in the greatest agriculture gamble in the past 10 years, as department officials read the situation in the light of complete reports from the cornfields of every producing state. Corn is from two to three weeks behind normal, due to the late spring and the wet weather which followed. The present high price of corn, the department asserts, means virtually nothing to the farmer because the farmer hasn't any corn to sell. He will have some to sell next fall, they say—maybe.

#### May Make Some Money

If the crop makes up for the time lost and if an early frost doesn't kill off a large proportion, and if the present high level of prices rule during harvest time, then the farmer raising corn will make some money. Three big "ifs" department specialists assert, are the great obstacles to a big return on the crop. Should they be surmounted the corn crop will sell, it is estimated, at from \$100,000,000 to \$150,000,000 more than it sold last year.

The two grain crops, therefore, promise a possible maximum return of \$350,000,000 more than they returned the farmer last year, it is said at the department. The \$150,000,000 possible increase in the corn crop returns will come also. That is it will come in better prices for hogs and beef cattle to which most of the corn is fed. At present hogs are low, paradoxical \$8.50 per 100 pounds seems a likely figure for fall sales.

Thus far, it is said at the department, the farmers have hardly made a nickel out of the rise in corn prices because they have no corn to sell. Some farmers have been hurt by the raise, inasmuch as they failed to carry over enough to feed their hogs and other livestock and now find it necessary to go into the market and buy corn at high prices.

The winter wheat farmer has been the only one to obtain an advantage thus far, department specialists say, out of the increase in grain prices. In Kansas where most of the winter wheat is raised the harvest is virtually completed. About 130,000,000 bushels have been harvested there and sold, for the most part at prices averaging \$1 a bushel on the farm. That is an increase of about 20 cents a bushel over last year. All told, it means that Kansas farmers have received or will receive shortly about \$26,000,000 more for their 1924 wheat than they received for their 1923 crop.

A price of \$1.25 a bushel at Chicago, which is the approximate figure of the past week, means \$1 a bushel on the farm in Kansas, agriculture department officials say, and corresponding reductions elsewhere. The different is absorbed by freight charges, handling and other expenses.

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(Seal) J. M. CHERRY,

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The Democrat—only \$1.50. All the home news, all the time. And we put out job work that pleases.

### Gambler Knew

How to Repay

the Kindness

By AUGUSTUS SHERWIN

(© 1924, Western Newspaper Union)

"FIFTY against the dog!" shouted

Matteo the marksman.

"Taken," in a mere careless drawl came the reply from Arvid, the gambler.

It was a typical Mexican scene—the interior of the chief gambling den at Truro and a critical stage of the game in progress.

Marvin Howe happened to be present amid the swarthy crew—a floating quantity in the general situation involving warfare, anxious to get North and out of it, and the opportunity just that day of a decidedly favorable change in fortune if he carried out secret instructions given to him.

The position was this: The commandant of the sectional insurgents wanted to send a particular message to a co-patriot one hundred miles away. It involved a junction of the two forces. The intermediate forty leagues of territory, however, were occupied by a dangerous enemy. The chief at Truro was surrounded by enemies and spies. He had hired Howe to do some translation and had confidence in him.

Howe engaged to cross the danger line and deliver his message. He was to try and find some free lance who would accompany him and bring back a reply, while he, well rewarded, returned to home, friends and fiancée.

Nellie Duryea, the only Nellie in the world to him beyond the unsettled border line.

Howe had thought of Matteo and that was why he was now an inmate of the noisy gambling den.

Howe had found him at the card table pitting his money recklessly against the most daring gambler in Truro. Howe saw his last dollar go. A handsome ring was staked, then his watch and now his most faithful friend and companion, the dog. Every body who knew Matteo knew also his dog. The animal was tiny, but fearless and very intelligent.

The cards went the rounds again. Matteo lost. Howe saw a strangely desperate glint in his eye as he arose unsteadily from the table. He turned slightly pale. Then he shrugged his shoulders and walked over and kissed the little dog asleep on a pile of newspapers. Straight as a soldier then he walked from the room.

"It will break his heart to lose his friend," Howe told Arvid quickly. "May I redeem him?" and he proffered fifty dollars in paper money.

"All right," nodded the gambler and then Howe snatched up the dog and rushed after his master. Howe overtook him at the street door.

"Yours," he said, placing the little pet in his arms.

Matteo stared at Howe in a dazed, uncertain way. Then his fingers gently caressed the dog. His voice broke as he comprehended what Howe had done.

"Amigo," he said, holding Howe's hand in a fervent grasp, "when my fortune turns I shall know how to repay you."

"I can help it turn just now," remarked Howe significantly. He told him that he was authorized to pay royally for his guidance and direction.

"I can pilot you safely," Matteo said—"I am your man."

The morning they left Truro Howe had noticed a man he had seen hanging around the chief's quarters dogging his footsteps. He had called the attention of Matteo to this, who had carelessly asserted that if he was one of the numerous spies in action they would soon lose him.

However, twice in two days after they had started on the trail they caught sight of a distant figure reminiscent of the man they had observed at Truro.

It was early in the morning that Matteo suggested a plunge into a near creek before they lit a little fire and cooked their frugal breakfast. They had disrobed and were disposing themselves in the cool, sparkling stream, when an ominous sound echoed out—

Click!

Then, to the consternation of Howe, turning, he saw a man, the man who had shadowed him in the city, just rushing away with a camera.

"Matteo!" shouted Howe, quickly—the spy. He has photographed the message on my back!"

"So?" observed Matteo, speedily springing ashore to where his clothes lay. It was to seize his revolver.

Crack!—followed a sure, steady aim.

Crack!—a second sharp explosion followed. Dropping the wrecked camera and holding his wounded hand, the spy disappeared.

"The message is written partly in cypher," explained Howe, "but that man might have been able to make it out after close study."

"He is doubtless one of the unscrupulous crowd infesting the province, ready to blackmail, sell secrets or betray his best friend," acceded Matteo.

They reached the end of their journey in safety and the secret message was transcribed.

Matteo returned to Truro with a rich reward awaiting him. Marvin Howe crossed the border, bound for home and his waiting fiancée, pretty Nellie Duryea.

#### Planes Pick Up Mail

By means of rope and hook, mail is picked up by British airplanes during flight in Mesopotamia.

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Opposite Postoffice

# Daddy's Evening Fairy Tale

BY MARY GRAHAM BONNER

## UNUSUAL ZOO VISIT

Billie Brownie was invited to pay a visit to a zoo, which made him very much pleased.

He was always pleased when he received these invitations. And those back in Brownland and Fairland were pleased, too, because they knew that Billie would come back and tell them all the news.

First of all he saw the True Sea Snake.

"I'm a poisonous snake," he told Billie Brownie. "Oh yes, indeed, I'm poisonous."

He seemed quite proud of this fact. "I might as well be poisonous. It's safer this way. And that was what the first True Sea Snake or True-Sea Serpent thought, too."

"So this is the family custom. It would not be my place to change this custom."

"Nor would it have been the place



He Told Billie Brownie What a Hunter and Fighter He Was.

of any sea serpent to have taken this responsibility upon himself.

"We like being poisonous, too. It is a means of protection to us."

"I can understand that," agreed Billie Brownie. "Aren't you rather unusual?" he asked. "I've never seen you before."

"I am one of the first to be in a zoo," he said. "In fact I may be the only one. But of this I am not sure."

"I am supposed to be quite interesting and the people in the zoo are all quite excited about having me here."

"Well, it is nice to feel that you are welcome. I don't suppose all would extend such a welcome to me."

"I have an idea from the remarks some of the visitors to the zoo make that if I had gone to visit some of these visitors here they would have given me anything but a welcome."

"Oh well, I do not mind. Do you admire my handsome coloring?"

"I think it's beautiful," Billie Brownie said. "And your tail reminds me of a paddle."

"I've been looking at it and I've just discovered what I know it looks like."

"You've discovered correctly," said the True Sea Serpent. "It is flattened out so that it looks like a paddle and I use it as my own special paddle."

"I always have it with me, as you can understand. It comes in very handy, or should I say it comes in very usefully in a tail fashion or a paddle fashion? Handy, or handy, perhaps, would be the wrong word to use about one's tail."

"But then I can't bother about such details."

"There is Spike-Tailed Lizard in this house. And there are a lot of snakes here, too."

"There are some frogs and some toads and a number of other creatures if you wanted to visit them."

"But I hope you will want to see me and spend most of your time with me, for you really were especially invited to come and call on me."

"I am so unusual that they think you should see me so you could tell about me to others."

"I hope you will speak of my handsome coloring and I hope you will speak of my tail, or the tail end of me."

"I am so glad you noticed that."

"You might say I am of a good size, too."

"When it is so unusual to have one of my family in a zoo and in the Reptile or Snake House, as this new abode of mine is called, it is worth speaking about."

Billie Brownie left the True Sea Serpent then after a polite good-bye for he had also been asked to see Fisher or Penant's Marten.

He told Billie what a hunter and fighter he was and how bold and brave he could be, and of the fact that he could climb any tree at all, better far, he knew, than any boy could climb.

Then Billie went back to Brownland for particularly he wanted to tell about the unusual sea serpent with the paddle-like tail. He spoke of Fisher, too, for Fisher was not usually to be seen in a zoo.

So Billie's visit to the zoo this time was really quite unusual.

## Too Busy Getting Up

Little Bobby came crying into the house, rubbing the places where he had been butted by a pet sheep. "But what did you do," his mother demanded, "when the sheep knocked you down?" "I didn't do nothing," Bobby declared protestingly. "I was getting up all the time."—Onward.

## Good Motto for Life: "Bring Out the Best"

Do you ever stop to think what kind of a woman your wife would have been if you had not asked her to marry you? Or did you ever imagine what type of man your husband would have been if you had not answered "Yes"?

Have you ever crushed any ambition, chased away any talents or driven inspiration from your household? What have you done to increase or develop your life partner's talents? Whether you are aware of it or not, you have either brought out the best side of this partner's life or buried all that was good in him or her.

A good many of us possess two sides. There are more Doctor Jekylls and Mr. Hydes in the world than we realize. How frequently your opinion of a man and some one else's, do not tally! You will often say: "I can't see how Brown tolerates Jones," he's the meanest man in the world," and yet Brown has found the better side of Jones.

Have you found the better side of your husband or wife? Have you done anything to bring that better side to the front?—Chicago Journal.

## China Had Great Ruler in Ch'in Shih Huang

Fifty miles south of the Chinese city of Peking has been discovered the walls of an ancient city, which flourished over 2,000 years ago. The walls embrace greater area than the walls of Peking and lie buried at an average depth of four feet. Late in the Second century B. C., there arose a king in the then comparatively small China who compared favorably with Alexander in conquests and empire building and whose empire lasted almost until the present day. This was Ch'in Shih Huang, or Shih Huang Ti ("The First Emperor"), whose rule ending in 209 B. C., marks the close of the feudal period and the beginning of the empire in Chinese history. Shih Huang Ti subdued the feudal princes, built the famed great Chinese wall and successfully defended the country against the Tartars from the north, standardized money, transportation, writing and other things which aided centralization, and destroyed as much of the ancient classics and traditions as possible, with the idea that the history of the Chinese empire should begin with his reign.

## Guiana Blow Gun

Perhaps the most elaborate form of blowgun is that made by the Indians of the Guianas. It consists of an inner tube fashioned from a certain palm which grows very thin and straight.

The pithy center and the knots are knocked out with a hardwood stick, and the bore, about one-half inch in diameter, is ground to a machine finish with a rough leaf which cuts like sandpaper. This barrel is then inclosed for protection in an outer casing made of two lengths of hardwood grooved down the center, glued together and bound with ornamental cane and beadwork, says the Detroit News.

A lip piece of carved wood is carefully fitted, and sights are added—actual front and rear sights, the latter open, the lower jaw and canine teeth of some small jungle cat—and the weapon is then a completed zarabalan, a field piece of some eight to ten or twelve feet in length, according to the available length of the original inner tube.

## Joke on Archeologists

Fossils of prehistoric animals which lived during the great Ice age are found in certain layers of blue clay in Tennessee. Man, it has been claimed, arrived on the scene thousands of years after these blue clay deposits were made. Recently, however, geologists working near the site of an old Indian earthwork found some of this same sort of blue clay. Underneath this clay were human bones. The discovery was exciting—the geological evidence seemed to place the first Tennesseans back with Ice age fossils. Then some kill-joy in the party discovered that the Indians had evidently transported this clay from some distance and packed it down into flat layers resembling geological strata.

## Valuable Black Walnut

A number of native black-walnut trees have been discovered whose nuts possess superior cracking qualities. By means of scions or buds from the original trees, these are being propagated in greater numbers each year, since the value of the nut crop is thereby greatly enhanced and the timber is of the same high quality as that of other walnut trees. Stocks of these selected trees are available in limited numbers from the owners and make possible the growing of valuable nut trees about the home or in nut orchards, says the American Forestry association.

## Forced to Beg Off

An indefatigable traveler, arriving in New York, did not go to the palatial caravansary he usually patronized but put up in an obscure hotel on a side street. But the very next day he bumped into the manager of the downtown-minute hostelry where he had always stopped and where he was known so well.

"Why, Mr. Blank," was the shocked greeting, "in New York and not stopping with us?" "It's this way, old fellow," explained Blank contritely. "I'm too tired this trip to live up to the unparalleled service you give."

# The DAIRY

## BETTER COWS QUITE ESSENTIAL IN DAIRY

Dr. David Friday, formerly president of the Michigan State Agricultural college, recently pointed out a fact that is well known, but, like lots of well-known facts, seldom appreciated. The scrub dairyman gets 120,000 pounds of milk a year from 40 cows averaging 3,000 pounds each. He would be better off with 80 averaging 4,000 pounds each because he would get the same milk check with one-fourth less work and overhead. The better dairyman uses 15 cows producing 8,000 pounds each to get his milk check, while the really successful dairyman gets 120,000 pounds of milk from 12 cows averaging 10,000 pounds a year.

While the successful dairyman gets his 120,000 pounds from 12 cows instead of 40, thus cutting his overhead, labor and feed cost by nearly three-fourths, he has an added advantage which has recently been proved by the United States dairy division. The dairy division finds that cows producing 100 pounds of fat in a year made an average return above feed cost of \$10 each. Cows producing 400 pounds of fat in a year made an average return above feed cost of \$106. Thus it seems that it only took four times as great production to make the cow ten times more profitable.

With these figures in mind it is very easy to see why there are failures in the dairy business and why, also, there are such marked successes.

The way to get and keep a profitable herd is to everlastingly weed out the culls, employ better methods by keeping up to date on the new feeds and methods that make greater profit and, lastly but by no means least, to use good, straight purebred dairy bulls with production records back of them.

—H. R. Lascelles, Fieldman for the Colorado Dairy Commissioner.

## Test Cream Separators, Is Advice of Expert

Cream separators that have not been tested for some time may be cheating their owners out of a considerable sum every week. That can be avoided, for skim milk testing will reveal the honesty of the most delicate separator, according to C. A. Iverson of the Iowa state college.

"Surprising results have been obtained wherever fairly large numbers of hand separators have been tested," Mr. Iverson says. "In Worth county, five separators in one cow-testing association were found to be losing excessive amount of butterfat. We feel certain that there are many separators in every community that are losing butterfat for their owners. An annual loss of several dollars can easily result if the machine is not regulated, or run properly."

Skim milk testing can be done by the Babcock method with a special double-necked test bottle. In place of the 17.5 cubic centimeters of acid required for whole milk, 20 are used for skim milk. Otherwise, practically the same procedure is followed as in testing whole milk. The test can be made by the farmers themselves, or, if this is not convenient, by the local creamery.

## Making Better Butter

Whether the product is made at home or at the creamery, matters little, cream should be clean flavored to make good butter. To obtain practically all of the cream from the milk and have it in the best shape for butter making requires the use of a good cream separator. Further, the thorough cleaning and sterilizing of all dairy utensils is essential to the production of a product having a good flavor.

## Aid Dairy Community

There are two means by which the dairy cow population of a community may be increased, by breeding through the use of pure bred bulls from proved ancestry, and by importing from other sections mature cows ready for service at the fall. In the latter case of purchase of cows, we have two alternatives—importing animals from other sections, and finding the animals within the state.

## Creamery Activities

Buying activities of 806 creameries indicate that 28 per cent of the organization buy feeds, 25 per cent buy fertilizers, and 22 per cent buy fuel. The complete list of commodities purchased by the various organizations include building material, fencing, hardware, implements, general merchandise, and miscellaneous products in addition to the commodities specifically enumerated.

## Cream Needs Good Care

As hot weather approaches the cream must receive better care on the average farm. As soon after separating as possible, cool the cream by setting the can in cold water. Never mix the fresh cream with the cream from previous separation until cooled as low as possible. Do not keep cream too long at the farm. Poor stale cream will not make good butter. If the creamery cannot make good butter the average price of cream will be lower than if good butter can be made.

## Holland Cows Always Well Taken Care Of

Cows in Holland are treated with as much consideration as human beings. They have the best of food. Their sheds are furnished. They even have overcoats when they go out.

There are lace curtains in the windows of many Dutch cowsheds. And the floors are laid with shining white tiles, kept spotlessly clean.

Least her tail should drag in the dirt, the Dutch cow has it held up by a neat chain from the roof. Her horns are scrubbed and polished. She is carefully groomed, says a writer in the London Mail.

As she spends eight months of the year indoors, perhaps these comforts are necessary. To lighten the darkness of winter the cowshed is provided with electric light. There is also some kind of heating system.

The Dutch spring is generally very cold and windy. Therefore, when the lucky Dutch cow is turned out to graze in May she is well wrapped up. The pampered animal must not catch cold. Everything, from the shining milk pails to the beautifully carved milking stools, is as clean as it is humanly possible to make it.

There is a farm in Holland where pigs are kept—and where each pig has a sort of little bathroom attached to its sty.

## Candles Play Big Part in Chinese Ceremony

While both domestic-made and imported candles are extensively sold in China, their uses by the Chinese are distinct. The imported candle is preferred for illumination and it is almost exclusively used for this purpose.

The Chinese-made product, unlike the foreign candle, which is usually white, comes in a variety of shapes, sizes and colors, red being the most general, says the Detroit News. The red candle is used for ceremonial purposes, at weddings and at other gala events.

In recent years foreign candles stained red have been imported to aid in filling the demand at what is perhaps the world's greatest candle-burning event, the Chinese New Year. Those of plain white take their place in funeral ceremonies at the death of elderly persons and those of light blue or green are to be seen at funeral services held for younger persons.

At weddings candles decorated with wax flowers are used, as well as others made into figures of the dragon and the phoenix propitious signs for a newly married couple. In these the wick is made of reeds or grass.

## Push Clouds Aside

The fabled performances of the old woman of the nursery rhyme who was able to "sweep the cobwebs out of the sky" has a scientific parallel in the ability of aviators under some conditions to brush small clouds out of the sky by repeatedly flying through them. A fair-sized summer cumulus or fair weather cloud may sometimes be obliterated by about twenty flights through it. While there is no adequate explanation for this effect, it is thought to be due to a combination of the stirring effect of the plane and especially of the propeller, the carrying into the cloud of warmer, unsaturated air, and the warming of the air in the cloud by the compression effect of the swiftly-moving plane. The method works only when the clouds are about stationary in size, and falls when conditions are such that they are growing rapidly.

## Beauty of the Himalayas

There is a great picture of natural beauty waiting the fearless mountain climber who tramps the eight thousand feet up the side of the Himalayas in the late spring, asserts a returned traveler, who says the altitude and climate conditions cause the rhododendron to grow to abnormal size, reaching the size of small trees.

The entire growth is covered with brilliant scarlet and pink blossoms, so abundant one may gaze over scores of square miles, every bit of surface where growth is possible being covered by this wonderful floral display, the color growing more delicate as one goes higher up the mountainside.—Ohio State Journal.

## Honey From Haiti

Haitian honey is well liked by the American market. The best is made from the blossoms of the logwood tree and is known as "Campeche" honey. The superior flavor of this product is much appreciated in France, where it has always brought a higher price than in the United States. The honey is nearly white in color and possesses a delicate quality. The beekeepers allow their charges to feed upon royal palms and logwood trees, thus producing a blended and desirable yield. Objections are made that some producers gather it before it is ripe, pack it badly and sometimes let it be mixed with bees and wax.

## Number of Languages

Living languages number about 800. This does not include the thousands of dialects and "near" languages. The difficulty in computing the number of languages in the world is to decide just exactly what is meant by the word "language." Linguists are far from being agreed as to when a form of speech ceases to be a "dialect" and becomes a language. Roughly, the 800 languages are distributed as follows: Europe, 80; Asia, 128; Africa, 14; America, 117; Islands of the Pacific and Indian oceans, 417.

## Very Glad Ho

### Accepted the Work Offered

By MILDRED GOODRIDGE  
(© 1924, Western Newspaper Union.)

"OH, MAN! Do you want to do some work?"

It was little Flo Duncombe, a pretty child of eight years, who shouted at a young man passing the garden where she stood with her sister, Iola.

"Work, little one?" smiled the stranger, pausing and, at one glance at the lovely face of Iola, becoming interested. "I am always glad to work. What is it?"

"Rose leaves and down!" chattered Flo, excitedly, important and eager.

"I fear my little sister has been presumptuous," spoke Miss Duncombe. "I— I needed some assistance."

"And I am glad of an offer of work," declared the young man promptly. He carried a portfolio under one arm.

"The work is less arduous than tedious and painstaking," she said, and she led the way towards an ornate summer house. As she neared its door the young man instantly understood the allusion of little Flo to rose leaves and feathers. To every projection attached particles of soft, filmy down.

Iola said: "Some one opened the windows where I had been working last night, a strong wind came up and you see the result. The rose leaves were sent me by a friend from California. I have managed to gather them up, for they were blown off the table in a heap, but the down—I fear it is not worth the labor gathering it up."

"You might try," suggested the young man. "If you would get me a pillow-slip, or a deep basket, I will see what can be done."

Miss Duncombe went to the house and brought out three baskets. She and Flo set about the same task as this "hired help." She learned that his name was Archie Blair.

It took two hours to gather up most of the scattered down. Then Iola said:

"I am greatly obliged, and the compensation—"

"I was just going to speak of that," declared Archie. "If you will allow me to sketch some of the beautiful surroundings here, with this little fairy and yourself in the picture, I will feel fully compensated."

So he was an artist, reflected Iola, and several little sketches of his pencil convinced her that his was no ordinary talent. She felt warranted in asking him to lunch, and when he went on his way little Flo made him promise to come and see them when he returned from his sketching tour.

If the young artist ceased to remember the fair maiden with whom he had spent those delightful hours, not so Iola. A newcomer in town, a Robert Wilder, came pretty regularly to see her, but Iola took little interest in him. He had bloomed forth in the village as a young man of fortune on a vacation. Mr. Duncombe had met him at the town club and took quite a fancy to him.

One evening this delectable individual met Jim Carr, a servant at the Duncombe home, in a secret way. Judging from their conversation, these two had known each other in a sinister way in the past. Further, it appeared that the vaunted young man of wealth had some hold on Jim.

"See here, Carr," he said, on the present occasion, "you know what I'm after: a rich wife. If old Duncombe has the money I think I wouldn't object to becoming his son-in-law."

"You want to be spry, then," advised Jim.

"Why is that?" "There's a young artist fellow who has been around for an evening or two. He met Miss Iola about a week ago, it seems, and, on his way to the city, has decided to stop in the village for a week or two. My opinion is he is in love with the girl."

"Oh, well, I'm pretty solid with the old man," boasted Wilder. "See here, I want you to do something for me, and I'll pay you well."

"All right—what is it?"

"I want you to act as my dictaphone. In other words, could you manage to overhear what conversation goes on in the house?"

"I've got some news," he advised Wilder later.

"Let's have it." "There's a closet I managed to hide in just off the library, where I overheard a good deal. Night before last I heard Mr. Duncombe telling what a capital fellow you were."

"Good!" commented Wilder.

"Then I overheard them talking with his lawyer. From the conversation I gathered that he is worth about a hundred thousand dollars."

"Excellent—go on, Jim," directed Wilder.

"Last evening, though, a stranger called. He was inquiring about you. He is a detective from the city, looking you up for a swindling game."

"Zounds! then I'm done for," exclaimed Wilder. "I reckon I'll make tracks from town before I'm picked up," and Wilder started to move away.

"There was something more," advised Jim. "That artist fellow."

"Yes—well, what about him?" questioned Wilder irritably.

"He proposed to Miss Iola at dinner."

"The mischief!"

"And was accepted."

## FACTS OF INTEREST TO ALL AMERICANS

### Publication by Government Gives Much Information.

"Know America First" should be a maxim of wide appeal to Americans in these days, and a government publication just issued affords notable contributions to the general knowledge of some features of our national domain and history. This publication is entitled "Boundaries, Areas, Geographic Centers and Altitudes of the United States and of the Several States, with a Brief Record of Important Changes in Their Territory," by E. M. Douglas, and has been issued by the Department of the Interior as Bulletin 689 of the geological survey. The report is sold by the superintendent of documents, Washington, at a nominal cost.

The book gives numerous little known facts relating to the organization of the original thirteen colonies and of the states after the Revolution. For example, how many know that the colony of Virginia once included the Bermuda Islands and also the country westward to the Pacific ocean, that called the South sea—so christened by Balboa in 1513, because at the place where he first saw it the shore line runs nearly east and west—or that the area now called Vermont once belonged to New York and that Massachusetts controlled the area now included in Maine.

The reasons for the peculiar irregularities and jogs in some of the boundary lines are explained. For example, the "nose" projecting into Canada at the Lake of the Woods, on the Minnesota boundary, is due to the use of inaccurate maps by the makers of the treaties by which this area became United States territory. The "pan-handle" at the southern corner of Missouri is said to be the result of efforts of a prominent property owner to have his plantation included in the new state.

The indefiniteness of some of the early boundary lines is illustrated by a quotation from Rufus Choate, who in the boundary dispute between Massachusetts and Rhode Island said before the Massachusetts legislature: "The commissioners might as well have decided that the line between the states was bounded on the north by a bramble bush, on the south by a blue jay, on the west by a hive of bees in swarming time, and on the east by 500 foxes with firebrands tied to their tails."

The state of California has within its boundaries the highest and the lowest points of dry land in the United States proper, and Alaska has the highest mountain peak in the possessions of the United States. Colorado is the state having the greatest average altitude; Delaware has the least.

The bulletin describes the outlying possessions of the United States and tells when and how they were acquired. Of the newly added possessions (Alaska, bought in 1867, not included), the 7,000 or more islands comprising the Philippine group, cover the greatest area. The Virgin Islands are the most recent acquisition and also the most costly. To obtain sovereignty over these islands, which have a combined land area of a trifle less than 188 square miles, the United States paid nearly \$800 an acre. For Alaska, which has been an important source of revenue, the United States paid less than 2 cents an acre.

It is generally supposed that the United States has never relinquished territory once acquired, but this is not the case. The United States gave up more than 20,000 square miles of western land when it purchased Florida from Spain by the treaty of 1819.

The bulletin contains a facsimile reproduction of a map of the British and French possessions in America as they were known in 1755. A copy of that map was used in the preparation of the treaty with Great Britain in 1782, when the United States was first recognized as an independent nation. The book also contains numerous other maps illustrating the growth of the United States and the changes in its boundaries from early colonial days up to the present time.

## No "Artificial Silk"

What is widely known as "artificial silk" is not artificial silk at all in the eyes of the National Retail Dry Goods association, and an effort is being made to find a scientific name for this synthetic product which is a silk substitute. For a time the term "rayon" was adopted, but it seemed as if the name would take hold, but it has failed to register properly. The new synthetic product has no more relation to silk than it has to wool or cotton, and for this reason a scientific trade name is sought.

## Quality O. K.

When three years old, Carl, whose sisters were named Mabel, Josephine and Rena, was sent to visit an aunt. Soon after his arrival, the aunt noticed the bright gingham blouse he was wearing and said to him: "Why, Carl, what a pretty new blouse you have!" "No, it ain't new, neither," answered Carl. "Mabel wore it, Josie wore it, Rena wore it and now I'm wearing it."

## Appearance Deciding

Grocer (proudly producing can)—Here's the spaghetti you want, Mrs. Johnson. It's the very best grade. Mrs. Johnson—Huh! In that sheet can? You're mistaken. What I want is the regular, real long kind of spaghetti.—Progressive Grocer.

**SOCIAL NOTES**

Mrs. Charles Shultze and daughter Miss Hattie Shultze and Mrs. Walter Weber entertained at Bridge Wednesday afternoon. A two-course luncheon was served at 5:30. These ladies will entertain again Saturday afternoon.

Mrs. L. C. Gildersleeve and Mrs. G. J. Hess were hostess at a bridge party last Friday and Monday afternoon. The guests were seated at 11 tables. The rooms were decorated with abundance of flowers, blue in dining room and yellow in living room. Refreshments were served at 5 o'clock. This afternoon the ladies entertain at a Kensington.

Miss Bonnie Hess entertained sixteen guests at Bridge Wednesday afternoon in honor of Miss Tillie Solfermoser, who has been visiting in Wayne this summer. Prizes, a box of stationery and a bottle of perfume, were won by Miss Ruth Ringland and Miss Fathel Senter. At 5:30 Miss Hess served a delicious two-course luncheon.

**SACKS OF "DURHAM" GET AN ANCIENT COIN**

Three sacks of "Bull Durham" tobacco, traded to a German prisoner during the World War, brought the oldest coin in northeast Nebraska into the possession of Lord West of Crofton, for the piece of money which he has entered in the old coin contest conducted by The News is an English coin dating from the time of Queen Elizabeth, and the date on it is 1569.

Mr. West served as a telephone lineman with the Headquarters detachment of the Second Field Artillery brigade in the famous Second American division during the war. He happened to spy the old coin in the possession of a German prisoner,

**LIVE STOCK PRICES AT SOUTH OMAHA**

**Fat Cattle Active and 25c Higher—Top \$11.35**

**BEST HOGS REACH \$10.50**

Liberal Receipts of Sheep and Lambs, Demand Brisk at Strong to 25c Higher Levels—Fat Lambs \$12.00—Fat Ewes \$8.50.

Union Stock Yards, South Omaha, July 30, 1924.—Fat cattle scored another 25c advance Tuesday on light receipts, 3,200 head and better markets in the east. Best beefs brought \$11.30@11.35. Cow stuff and feeders are also active and stronger.

Quotations on cattle: Choice to prime beefs, \$10.50@11.50; good to choice beefs, \$9.00@10.50; fair to good beefs, \$8.00@10.00; common to fair beefs, \$7.00@8.75; choice to prime yearlings, \$10.25@10.75; good to choice yearlings, \$9.75@10.25; fair to good yearlings, \$8.75@9.50; common to fair yearlings, \$7.50@8.50; choice to prime heifers, \$8.75@9.75; good to choice fed heifers, \$7.75@8.50; fair to good fed heifers, \$6.50@7.50; common to fair fed heifers, \$5.25@6.25; choice to prime fed cows, \$7.25@8.50; good to choice fed cows, \$6.50@7.50; fair to choice grass cows, \$5.50@6.50; fair to good grass cows, \$4.75@5.00; cutters, \$3.00@3.75; canners, \$2.50@3.00; veal calves, \$7.00@9.00; heavy and medium calves, \$5.50@7.50; bologna hogs, \$4.25@4.35; head hogs, \$4.50@5.50; butcher hogs, \$4.75@7.25; good to choice feeders, \$7.00@7.75; fair to good feeders, \$6.00@6.25; common to fair feeders, \$5.00@5.00; good to choice stockers, \$6.25@7.00; fair to good stockers, \$5.50@6.00; common to fair stockers, \$4.50@5.50; trashy stockers, \$3.50@4.50; stock hogs, \$3.50@5.50; stock cows, \$2.50@3.75; stock calves, \$3.50@7.25.

Best Hogs \$10 Higher.

Only 3,700 fresh hogs showed up Tuesday and best shipping grades sold 25c higher at \$9.75@10.50. Packing hogs were slow to 25c lower at \$7.75@9.25.

Fat Lambs Sell Higher.

Seventeen thousand fresh sheep and lambs were received and the market was active and strong to 25c higher. Best fat lambs brought \$12.00. Feeder lambs sold up to \$11.00 and fat ewes brought \$8.50.

Quotations on sheep and lambs: Spring lambs, good to choice, \$12.25@12.75; spring lambs, fair to good, \$11.50@12.00; feeding lambs \$11.25@12.00; wethers, \$6.50@8.50; yearlings, \$4.00@9.50@11.00; yearlings, range, \$3.00@9.00; fat ewes, \$4.00@6.50.

**FEW FEEDER CATTLE GOING TO THE COUNTRY, MANY FEEDER LAMBS**

Last week there were some 20 head, 2,000 head of stock cattle and feeding steers sent to the country from Omaha as against 75 loads, 2,700 head, the week previous and 112 loads, 2,241 head, the corresponding week a year ago.

Movement of feeder sheep and lambs was of very fair proportions, some 16,932 head going to the country as compared with 10,780 head the week previous and 9,239 head the corresponding week a year ago.

so traded him the tobacco for it, the German evidently thinking it was an even trade, as good American tobacco was almost priceless. How this German ever got hold of the coin Mr. West does not know.

The coin itself is most unusual. It does not seem to be made of silver, as it has no "ring" at all when it is dropped. It is very thin, and very little of the lettering on it can be deciphered, except the date, which stands out plainly. On one side of the coin is a reproduction of Queen Elizabeth which looks much like the engravings of her in the old history text books. The word "Elizabeth" can also be deciphered on the edge of the coin.

Among all the other old coins which have been reported lately, this English coin belonging to Mr. West stands out as the granddaddy of them all, as it is 355 years old. F. H. Wachtler's German coin dated 1705 held the record before Mr. West sent his coin. John Lubley also has an entrant in the race for honors in having the oldest coin, as he has a Swedish coin which is dated 1761.

Much as we dislike spoiling the fun of the other entrants we must award honors to J. G. Mines of Wayne, who has in his possession three coins of Constantine, who reigned between 272 and 337 A. D. as well as three coins of other Roman emperors. The Constantine coins are all bronze with a portrait and the inscription CONSTANTINUSAVC on the face. The obverse of one shows a church with two towers, surmounted by a star, and surrounded by the legend PROVIDENTIAEAVC-SMTSE. Another contains an altar with the word VOTIS and two maltese crosses on the face. The inscription is dim but the letters underneath the altar are PTR. On the back of the third is a votive wreath with the letters VOT and two crosses.

The obverse of the other coins shows an altar as in the Constantine coin but with a different inscription, a wreath with but a single cross, and the figure of a woman carrying a palm branch. As these are all Christian symbols it is thought that the coins are those of emperors later than Constantine, who was the first Christian emperor of Rome. Mr. Mines says that the coins are from a sack containing a hundred or more which was unearthed while excavations under the Cathedral at Cologne were being made a few years ago.

Mr. Mines has a large collection of rare coins, one of the most interesting of which is an American Liberty half dollar which, instead of milling, has the denomination stamped around the edge.

**COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS**

Wayne, Nebraska, July 29, 1924. The regular meeting of the City Council was held in the Council rooms in the City Hall of Wayne, Nebraska, with the following members present: Mayor Orr, Councilmen Lamberson, Strahan, Gildersleeve and Owen. Absent: Bichel and Miller. Present: W. S. Bressler, Clerk.

The meeting was called to order by the Mayor and the minutes of the last regular meeting were read and approved.

The following bills were examined, read and on motion allowed and warrants ordered drawn to-wit: McGraw Co. supplies, Electro-lier Globes \$ 84.55

O. S. Roberts, laying water main 1201.76

American Foundry & Mfg. Co. 4 fire hydrant 142.00

Valvoline Oil Co., 55 gal. oil 46.75

M. Kroger, slack 27.95

Johns Manville, 10 ft. Fibre Conduitt 1.30

A. G. Grunemeyer, P. H. supplies 2.95

Siebert Ickler, P. H. Supplies 4.40

Theobald-Horney Lbr. Co., Slack, P. H. supplies 49.99

Herman Mildner, P. H. supplies 2.90

Jointles Fire Brick Co., 2000 lbs. fire brick 63.70

W. S. Bressler, 2 quarter salary 350.00

H. Sears, July salary 135.00

Francos Beckenhauer, Park Supervisor 50.00

Evert Smith, Park Labor 94.60

W. S. Bressler, clerk, for danger signs at Park 12.00

J. H. Fitch, Park labor 98.00

J. H. Fitch, police duty at Park 35.00

W. S. Bressler, clerk, money Adv. cleaning fire trucks 6.00

Ordinance No. 321 was presented and read for the first time. Moved by Strahan, seconded by Owen, that rule requiring an ordinance to be read on three separate days be dispensed with and that Ordinance No. 321 be passed to its second reading. On roll call by the mayor the following members voted "Yes" to-wit: Lamberson, Strahan, Owen and Gildersleeve. None voting "No" motion was declared carried and Ordinance No. 321 was read for the second time.

Moved by Owen, seconded by Lamberson, that the rule requiring an ordinance to be read on three separate days be dispensed with and that Ordinance No. 321 be passed to its third and last reading. Motion put by Mayor and on roll the following members voted "Yes" to-wit: Lamberson, Strahan, Owen and Gildersleeve. None voting "No" motion was declared carried and Ordinance No. 321 was duly passed and is as follows:

**ORDINANCE NO. 321**

An Ordinance providing for and making the annual tax levy for the City of Wayne, Nebraska, for the fiscal year commencing May 6th, 1924. BE IT ORDAINED BY THE MAYOR AND COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF WAYNE, NEBRASKA:

Section 1. The following taxes for the following purposes shall be and hereby are levied upon all taxable property within the City of Wayne, Nebraska for the fiscal year commencing May 6, 1924, to-wit:

A. Five mills on the dollar for general revenue purposes.

B. Three mills on the dollar for the purposes of maintaining, operating and extending the City Electric Light Plant.

C. Two-fifths of a mill on the dollar for maintaining and repairing sewers.

D. Three-fifths of a mill on the dollar for maintaining City Parks.

E. One-fifth of a mill on the dollar for purchasing equipment for Fire department.

F. One and two-fifths mills on the dollar for maintaining City Library.

G. One-fifth of a mill on the dollar for improving and repairing roads leading to said City.

H. Two mills on the dollar for payment of interest on Street Improvement Bonds and creating a sinking fund for their payment.

I. Three-fifths of a mill on the dollar for payment of interest on Water Extension Bonds and creating a sinking fund for their payment.

J. Three-fifths of a mill on the dollar for payment of interest on City Hall Bonds and creating sinking fund for their payment.

K. Seven mills on the dollar for payment of interest on Intersection Paving Bonds of said City and creating a sinking fund for their payment.

Section 2. This Ordinance shall take effect and shall be in force from and after its passage, approval and publication as by law required. Passed and approved this 29th day of July A. D. 1924. Attest: W. S. BRESSLER, W. M. ORR, City Clerk Mayor

Motion to adjourn. Motion carried. Attest: W. S. BRESSLER, W. M. ORR, City Clerk Mayor.

**AS WE WERE SAYING**

Governor Bryan has sounded one clear, true note in his statement regarding Defense Day. If the day is to be a practice mobilization, a test of the national defense, no one can object. Even the most extreme of the "pacifist" societies which have been protesting must realize the necessity of keeping our defense in order. But if it is to be, as the published plans indicate, a day given over to glorification of militarism, a celebration of wars to come, it cannot be too strongly condemned.

Even if we believe, as we do, that some such annual inspection is wise, is it wise or expedient at this time? Europe and South America, already alarmed by what they believe is American imperialism, can hardly fail to see menace in the gesture. We have recently insulted Japan. Now we reach for our hip pocket and say that we are about to shoot at a target. Well intentioned as the project of Defense Day may be, it cannot but cause a revival of jingoism and hatred in every country.

After all, much as we believe ourselves misunderstood, there is little cause for surprise at the attitude taken toward America in foreign countries. The Stars and Stripes do not fly, as Clay's Warhawks prophesied, from the Pole to Cape Horn, but every Central and South American republic, with the exception of the A. B. C. nations, is governed by American money or American marines. Most of the states are governed from Wall Street because they know that if they rebel the marines will come. Our newspapers constantly comment on the slight protection we give our citizens abroad, but no one says that we do not protect their money. Even England would have difficulty in matching our occupation of Haiti and San Domingo. A proud record, Mr. Kipling would say, but it will yet have the League of Nations on our neck. Haiti protested this year about a few bombed villages and such minor details but the matter was hushed up. It is a high position that America holds; but before we swell with pride we had best count the profits. To date the only tangible results have been a growing debt of hate and the cost of keeping our marines on the job. Of course someone gets something out of the system but it is not the government and it is not very many of the people. We are being exploited to provide men and money to go down to exploit the more ignorant natives. In the old days the trade pirates would have organized another East India or Hudson Bay company; now the American people can foot the bill while the sturdy patriots who live in the vicinity of Wall street collect the profits.

See Dr. E. E. Simmons at Fanske's Jewelry Store each Saturday and Monday and get relief from your eye troubles.—adv. tf.

Redemption	4773.30	106.48	4773.30	106.48
Jury	484.30	15.90	500.20	
Trans. from Co. Gen.	1895.25	939.00		
Trans. from Misc.	1356.31	4024.13	756.00	2073.25
Trans. to School Dist.	1356.31	3158.50	35.31	5345.13
Soldiers Relief Fund	1356.31	259.01	1950.00	4429.50
Mothers Pension Fund	1356.31	37.75	35.21	371.59
County Fair Association	24.75			
Miscellaneous Fees	9060.47			
Trans. from all Funds	86439.71	71597.32	8122.97	
Trans. to Co. Gen.	755.00			
State Apportionment	3639.87			
School Districts	5122.50	8705.14	1425.61	73083.58
School Bonds	15017.75	3114.88	13755.00	13306.60
High School	15435.05	4816.31	19124.20	4166.01
Wayne Consolidated Funds	669.49	8.45	563.89	663.27
Wayne Water Extension Bonds	680.04	1630.82	26.16	2284.70
Wayne City Hall Bonds	1133.97	1388.58	2035.00	443.92
Wayne Street Improvement	7870.85	9019.17	6530.75	10032.77
Wayne Intersection Bonds	21764.08	7954.86	25459.20	3707.72
Wayne Paving Bonds	343.76	181.26	425.00	94.87
Wayne Sewer Bonds			5.15	6.87
Wayne Weed Cutting Fund	1669.58	1410.53	2900.00	70.92
Winside Consolidated Funds	474.19	435.58	548.85	109.19
Winside Water Bonds	414.79	171.22	18.95	341.97
Winside Heat and Light Bonds	207.82	257.13	15.85	391.41
Winside Sewer Bonds	1974.35	1031.26	13.09	420.91
Carroll Consolidated Funds	519.96	957.64	85.49	320.12
Carroll Water Bonds	270.31	157.38	165.00	1233.06
Carroll Water Extension Bond	272.11	603.40	11.06	202.63
Carroll Electric Light Bonds	1350.63	21.87	1130.30	603.13
Carroll Intersection Bonds	1032.79	2431.50	55.23	186.87
Carroll Paving Bonds	431.30	533.20	90.00	3329.53
Carroll Sidewalk	322.35	806.70	44.61	5.05
Hoskins Consolidated Funds	161.16	1884.14	550.00	394.26
Hoskins Water Bonds	154.29	426.62	20.24	800.00
Hoskins Water Extension Bonds	389.44	364.51	14.58	314.49
Sholes Consolidated Funds	63.19	188.15	198.00	7.28
Sholes Water Bonds	406735.56	167799.28	357819.13	1840.02
Sholes Water Extension Bonds	2563.96		214523.34	8.95
Sholes Sewer Bonds	406735.56	165235.32	357819.13	308.55
Sholes Paving			12.56	432.84
Sholes Sewer Bonds			2.42	248.92
Protest Funds			70.08	291.83
*Overdraft				
	406735.56	167799.28	357819.13	214523.34
		2563.96		371.59
	406735.56	165235.32	357819.13	214515.75
		406735.56		357819.13
		571970.88		571970.88

**Statement of collections from January 1, 1924 to June 30, 1924 inclusive.**

Taxes of the year 1923	\$274455.05
Taxes of the year 1922	2615.70
Taxes of the year 1921	407.53
Taxes of the year 1920	101.93
Automobile License	28738.75
Miscellaneous Collections	14245.40
Redemption	4773.30
Miscellaneous Fees	34.75
Carroll Paving	1032.79
Wayne Paving	21764.08
Rotary Collections	2697.75
	\$350857.03
	165235.32
	\$516092.35

**Statement of disbursements from Jan. 1, 1924 to June 30, 1924 inclusive.**

State Treasurer	\$67203.59
State Auto 3 1/2 per cent	1212.40
State Hall	112.89
County General	38233.73
County Bridge	9274.42
County Road	8380.33
Road Districts	6543.63
Motor Vehicle	3106.36
Redemption	4773.30
School District Warrants	8793.71
High School Warrants	13755.00
School Bond Coupons	445.00
Mothers Pension	80.00
Inheritance Tax	239.66
County Fair Association	1950.00
Jury	500.20
Auto Rebate	15.00
Rotary	2714.53
Salary and Clerk Hire	1810.00
Protest Funds adjusted	70.08
Wayne Consolidated Funds	19124.20
Wayne Water Extension	2035.00
Wayne Street Improvement Bond Coupons	6560.75
Wayne Intersection Bond Coupons	25459.20
Wayne Paving Bonds and Coupons	425.00
Wayne Sewer	6.87
Wayne Weed Cutting	548.85
Winside Consolidated Funds	178.75
Winside Water Bond and Coupons	30.95
Winside Heat and Light Coupons	2600.00
Winside Sewer	165.00
Carroll Consolidated Funds	214.00
Carroll Water Bond Coupons	261.25
Carroll Water Extension Coupons	1130.40
Carroll Electric Light Coupons	80.00
Carroll Intersection Coupons and Interest	550.00
Hoskins Consolidated Funds	800.00
Hoskins Water Bond	198.00
Hoskins Water Extension Bond Coupons	308.55
Wakefield Funds	
	\$301940.50
	214515.75
	\$516456.25

**The County Funds are deposited in the County Banks as follows:**

	Bank's Balance	Outstanding	Balance
First National, Wayne	\$44298.81	\$ 126.86	\$44171.95
Citizens National, Wayne	38789.75	269.59	38520.16
State, Wayne	38343.30	363.07	37979.23
Merchants State, Winside	16033.46	518.00	15515.46
First National, Carroll	12359.75		12359.75
Hoskins State, Hoskins	16567.83	271.00	16296.83
Farmers State, Atoka	11299.55	12.75	11286.80
Citizens State, Winside	16570.57	1613.50	14957.07
Citizens State, Carroll	12779.15	54.54	12724.61
Liberty Bonds	8000.00		8000.00
Cash and checks in office	2338.89		2338.89
	\$217381.06	\$3229.31	\$214151.75
	3229.31		
	\$214151.75		\$214151.75

**STATE OF NEBRASKA, WAYNE COUNTY, ss:**

I, J. J. STEELE, County Treasurer of Wayne County, being first duly sworn, do say that the foregoing is a true and complete statement of all monies on hand